Neb State Hist Society

THE WAYNE HERALD.

Consolidated with The Wayne Republican | WAYNE, NEBRASKA, THURSDAY, MAY 13, 1909 | Volume 34, No. 13

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What a transformation a little paint and paper will work! Yes, paint and paper, and good taste.

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Our line abounds with paper of this class and people with most refined tastes will be able to make selections.

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Come in and see our line of MILLINERY. Our Pattern Hats direct from Paris are beauties.

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250,000 high-grade, red cedar shingles just in. Figure with us. We furnish the men to put them on.

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Make your furniture like new

By Using Felber's Liquid Gum Piano and Furniture Polish

It gives a brilliant, hard finish, covers scratches, removes dirt and makes the wood look like new.

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We can heartily recommend B. P. S. INTERIOR PAINT for all kinds of Interior Woodwork, Kitchen Walls and Ceilings, Bathrooms, Lavatories and Furniture.

It spreads easily, covers well and dries hard within ten hours with a beautiful enamel finish that can be scrubbed without injury.

Equally suitable for Porch and Lawn Furniture. Ten shades, also white and black. Ready for use. Call for color card.

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OLDEST BANK IN WAYNE COUNTY

Frank E. Strahan, Pres. John T. Bressler, Vice Pres., H. F. Wilson Cashier, H. S. Ringland, Ass't Cashier.

Capital and Surplus $100,000

Directors: Frank E. Strahan, H. S. Ringland, George Bogart, R. E. K Mellor, John T. Bressler, H. F. Wilson.

THE WORST FIRE FOR MONTHS

OLD SAYING NOT TRUE HERE

Jones' Billiard Hall and the Democat Office Badly Damaged.

The old saying is "Three times and out," but that did not prove to be the case with Wayne's fire scares this time. Last week there were three alarms, none of which proved disastrous, and our people were hoping that the old saw would prove good and that it would be a long time before there would be another call of like nature, but about 7:15 Monday evening their hopes were dashed to the ground by the clang, clang of the fire bell, and a few moments after the syren whistle at the pumping station began to screech, giving full warning that it was more than a passing blaze that was demanding attention. The fire department and everyone else that could get away from home turned out to see where the fire was and the large volume of smoke arising gave evidence that it was in the business district and well under way, and it was found that the fire was in the D. A. Jones billiard hall and bowling alley on the east side of Main street just north of the Democrat office.

The cause of the fire was a defective gas lighting plant. It had not been working good for several days, but they could not ascertain just what the difficulty was, and it seems that there was a leak in it and all day Monday there had been going out into the room the vapor or gas until it was in a condition to catch fire at the least opportunity. There was no explosion of the machine but as soon as a light was made the vapor in the room ignited and the whole interior was a mass of flames at once. There were two or three men in the front part of the building at the time, and how they escaped serious burns is a marvel. They saw that nothing could be done so the proprietor grabbed the cash register and they got out in a hurry.

The fire department responded promptly to the alarm, but fully five minutes was lost in getting the first line of hose laid in working operation owing to the inability of those making the coupling to get the hydrant open. In fact the second cart went one block farther on the run and got two couplings made and had two streams of water on the fire before the first line got into action. In spite of this fact, inside of ten minutes after the first alarm was given there were three streams of water being thrown effectively upon the mass of flames that by this time were pouring through the roof and everywhere, two streams in front and one in the rear. It was soon evident that their efforts to prevent the spread of the flames much beyond where the fire originated were going to be successful, and all breathed a sigh of relief.

The Democrat office, however, was so close to the burning building that it caught fire near the roof on the north side and was rapidly burning between the ceiling and the roof before the danger was fully realized. Then the hook and ladder company did some effective work by tearing the entire front out, allowing the firemen a chance at the flames and all danger of its spreading in that direction was soon over. W. S. Goldie, the proprietor, however, lost several hundred dollars, not only having all the windows broken out, the front torn off the building, but in the removal of his type and fixtures much of it was pied and the stock injured by water. His large job press and the newspaper press were not materially injured as fire did not communicate to the lower part of the building and not much water was thrown.

The building occupied by Meister & Bluechel, to the north, suffered the breaking of a plate glass window in front and a few window lights in the upper story, but at no time was there any serious loss in that direction as it is a two-story brick and the flames did not break through the north side of the burning building. It served, however as a strong obstacle for the spread of the fire to the north.

The greatest danger of the fire spreading was in Philleo & Co's lumber yard, only a few feet away, but the wind was favorable and the work of the department so effective that this was happily averted.

The burned building was 100 feet long and was steel sheeted, making it one of the meanest kind of buildings in which to fight a fire, as no water could reach the flames from the outside until a hole was chopped in the roof or the fire had burned its way outward, but the fire laddies, especially in the bowling alley portion, got into the fire and smoke with their lines of hose and fought it out to the alley in the rear and conquered. The entire contents of the billiard hall were a total loss and also most of the bowling alley, and the building was pretty thoroughly gutted throughout.

NOTES

It seems to us that it would be a good idea for the city to provide the fire company with more axes. The hook and ladder company were much handicapped in this direction Monday evening.

It was a bad blaze, but everyone is glad it was no worse, and the most thankful of all, or at least ought to be, are F. G. Philleo & Co., that the fire did not get into their lumber yard.

It is not expected that a volunteer fire department will be as effective as a paid one constantly under drill, but the Wayne boys certainly took hold with a vim and fell to their work as though it was a part of their every day occupation.

The city ought also to provide for a system of inspection to see that the hydrants are all in working order and that the fire apparatus is in its proper place and ready to be used, for in such a moment as ye think not the fire fiend is liable to be on your track.

W. S. Goldie had $400 insurance on his building and $1100 on the presses and material. D. A. Jones owned the billiard hall building and had $1900 insurance on the building and fixtures inside. The brick building was damaged to the extent of $175, fully insured.

Mr. Goldie's material was not pied as much as anyone would have expected it to be, being removed in such a hurried manner and by those not used to handling that kind of material. He moved the type into the vacant building across the street and on Tuesday morning his force was setting type as usual and the paper will appear this week.

Wayne certainly has a good system of waterworks with plenty of water and a strong, constant pressure. So far as the water supply is concerned Mr. Moler informed us that they could fight fire for a week. Monday evening, with three streams of water being thrown for fully an hour, there was nearly five feet of water more in the standpipe after the fire than when the alarm was given.

LOOKS FOR LIVE BOYS

State Superintendent Wants Fifty Thousand of Them in Nebraska To Grow Prize Corn.

In 6,858 school districts of Nebraska, 5,000 of which are in the "corn belt" of the state, Superintendent E. C. Bishop of the Department of Public Instruction is looking for 50,000 boys to plant at least one ear of good corn and cultivate it with such care that it will be permitted to enter prize winning classes at the National Corn Exposition in Omaha and the state contest in Lincoln.

The state superintendent has mailed letters to all superintendents and principals in the state as well as to the newspapers, urging co-operation with the schools to make all work educational; make all work enjoyable, and all work profitable by the combined action of hands and brains.

The letters say of the state and national corn shows:

"The National Corn exposition will be held at Omaha December 6 to 18, 1909. Every Nebraska boy who grows some good corn will be given a chance to enter ten ears of the same at the National Corn exposition. This will not prevent participating in the state and county contests. A strong premium list is being provided for both national and state contests. All those interested are requested to correspond with their respective county superintendents, who will be provided with information relative to the work.

The next state contest and convention of the Nebraska boys' and girls' clubs will be held at Lincoln the week beginning January 17, 1910. A one week's course in agriculture and in domestic science will be offered at that time for boys and girls sent as delegates from their respective counties. Substantial premiums will be offered for corn selected from that grown by boys who raise good corn this summer, and for girls in cooking and sewing. Every boy and girl who becomes interested will be invited to participate in county contests where such are organized; in counties where no such contest is held, opportunity will be given to send the results of work direct to the state contest."

If you want to feel well, look well and be well, take Foley's Kidney Remedy. It tones up the kidneys and bladder, purifies the blood, and restores health and strength. Pleasant to take and contains no harmful drugs. Why not commence today? Felber's Pharmacy.

THE KING SOLOMON MINE

AN INTETESTING OUTLOOK

An Interview Reveals Eine Prospects for the Investors

In an interview with O. A. King he says there is going to be more doing at the King Solomon works this summhr than ever in the history of the company.

Already a number of bankers, farmers and business men are making preparation to go out the last of the month and inspect the property; men who a short time ago would not even consider such a proposition but who have kept in touch with developments and have become convinced that it is one of merit and worthy the consideration and investigation of any man, no matter how conservative.

The guarantee the King Solomon people put out shows their absolute fairness with the investing public.

They guarantee to any purchaser of stock who will visit the property within six months and does not find the property all that it is represented to be in every particular that they will return his money upon surrender of the stock.

Last summer Mr. King fairly kept the rails hot going back and forth with crowds to visit the property and he reports that every man that went was well satisfied and not a single person has ever asked for a dollar back.

He reports that the outlook for this summer far exceeds that of last summer in every way; in points of more people who are planning on visiting the property as well as the fact that larger capital is becoming interested, and he reports that he interests bankers and business men to the extent of from $10,000 to $30,000 each and does it as easily as he used to interest a man for $200 to $500.

The reason for this is very plain. In the start they had no ore opened and it was somewhat of a speculation as to whether they would be able to secure enough financial backing to drive the tunnel and tap the rich mineral belt that was known to exist but they have long since passed that point and today they stand the foremost tunnel in Summit County; having driven the tunnel over 2700 feet through solid rock with a quarter of a mile of drifts on the ten veins which have been cross cut, which gives the company three-quarters of a mile of underground work with the best plant of machinery in the county, with an ideal location directly on the main line of the C. & S. railroad.

One of the greatest elements with any big enterprise is time and while the King Solomon has taken some time to accomplish what she has, yet it has had a good, healthy, steady growth, opening a vein from time to time as they had predicted they would, until today she stands as one of the big tunnels of the state, but Mr. King tells us that upon investigating the big tunnels of the state that are now big dividend payers he finds that they have taken from six to eight years to put them on a paying basis, but that a little stock purchased in them in the start now returns an income which is in excess of the income from the same amount placed in anything else, and often amounts to several hundred per cent per annum.

Mr. Alexander and Mr. King were never so optimistic and enthusiastic over the outlook for King Solomon as they are now, and they expect the next six months to make a big change for the better.

Both of these men are devoting every minute of their time to the interests of the King Solomon stockholders and will continue to do so until they see the King Solomon paying dividends and see every stockholder remunerated for his loyalty and faithfulness in staying by the company.

A Card

This is to certify that all druggists are authorized to refund your money if Foley's Honey and Tar fails to cure your cough or cold. It stops the cough, heals the lungs and prevents pneumonia and consumption. Contains no opiates. The genuine is in a yellow package. Felber's Pharmacy.

Opera House
MAY 25th

Frank Mahara's

OPERATIC MINSTRELS

20 Colored Stars 20

Mirth, Melody, Music, Funny Comedians, Pretty Octoroons

Street Parade Daily

Prices: 50 and 75 Cents

ROYAL Baking Powder

Absolutely Pure

The Only Baking Powder made from Royal Grape Cream of Tartar —made from Grapes—

Royal Baking Powder has not its counterpart at home or abroad. Its qualities, which make the food nutritious and healthful, are peculiar to itself and are not constituent in other leavening agents.

Superintendent's Notice

Teacher's examinations will be given the third Friday and Saturday following of each month.—A. E. Littell, Superintendent.

Viavi, Science of Health. Cloth bound book free upon application. Miss M. E. Bicknell, district manager, Wayne, Nebraska.

Many weak, nervous women have been restored to health by Foley's Kidney Remedy as it stimulates the kidneys so they will eliminate the waste matter from the blood. Impurities depress the nerves, causing nervous exhaustion and other ailments. Commence today and you will soon be well. Pleasant to take. Felber's Pharmacy.

CITIZENS NATIONAL BANK

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A. L. Tucker, President
H. C. Henney, Vice President
D. C. Main, Cashier
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Does a general banking business

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Spring Has Come

Our stock of Seasonable Goods is also on hand

Larger, Better More Desirable

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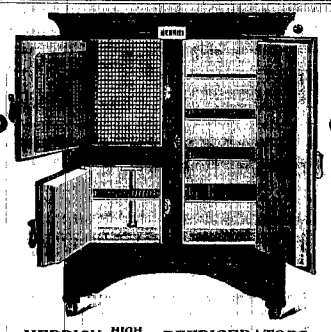

HERRICK HIGH GRADE REFRIGERATORS.

Herrick Refrigerators

Have no dead air space. They will keep Butter, Fresh Meat, Cheese, Onions, Etc., one food will not taint another. Ask the ice man or any user of the Herrick : : : : : :

Barrett & Dally

Gave Him a Grilling.

The meek little man was showing his friend around his new residence.

"And what room is that?" queried the friend as they came to another door.

"The grillroom," sighed the meek man.

"Did I understand you to say grillroom?"

"You did. That is where my wife takes me when she wants to give me a certain lecture on smoking too many cigars and remaining out after 10 p. m."

EARNEST ADVICE.

Rev. F. C. Pettypool Speaks for the Benefit of the Sick.

Any person suffering with backache, urinary disorders or other signs of kidney complaint may feel the utmost confidence in the following statement made by Rev. F. C. Pettypool, Baptist clergyman, of Herrin, Ill.:

"A weak back and disordered condition of the kidneys annoyed me for some years up to last fall. I often had to stop work and press my hands to my back. My limbs ached constantly and at night I could not sleep. The kidney secretions also passed too frequently. I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills and they helped me quickly and permanently. Further use brought a perfect cure."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

The Traces of the Beasts.

On every side in the Malay wilds the traces of the beasts—which here live as scheduled, as safe from molestation, as did their ancestors in pre-Adamite days—are visible on tree trunk, on beaten game path and on the yielding clay at the drinking places by the hurrying stream. Here a belt of mud nine feet from the ground shows that an elephant has rubbed his itching back against the rough bark of a tree, and, see, coarse hairs are still sticking in the hardened clay. There a long, sharp scratch repeated at regular intervals marks the passing of a rhinoceros. Here, again, is the pad mark of a tiger barely an hour old, and the pitted tracks of deer of all sizes and varieties surround the deeply punched holes which are the footsteps of an elephant.—Cornhill Magazine.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Only an Excuse.

"The late Claus Spreckles," said a San Franciscan, "had one weakness of which he was a little ashamed. He could not resist the appeal of a beggar. Yet he knew that the charity societies are right and that most beggars are impostors.

"'Have the moral courage of your convictions,' I said one day as I saw him give a beggar a quarter. 'Send these fellows to the charity specialists for investigation.'

"'Moral courage,' Mr. Spreckles murmured. 'That is what we call on when we contemplate a mean action.

"'A school teacher once told her class that the courage which makes us do what we think is right, regardless of the sneers of others, was moral courage, the best kind.

"'"Then, if a boy has a box of candy like me yesterday," said a lad, "and if he eats it all himself, without giving any to people that have no right to it, how much they call him mean and stingy—that there's moral courage, ain't it, teacher?"'"

Of a Different Opinion Now.

"You are charged with larceny. Are you guilty or not guilty?"

"Not guilty, judge. I thought I was, but I've been talkin' to my lawyer, an' he's convinced me that I ain't."—Chicago Tribune.

The Retort Auricular.

Dissatisfied Matron—My daughter says you don't understand harmony as well as she thought you did. I may as well tell you, too, that she has a cultivated ear.

Music Teacher—It's a cultivated ear, is it, madam? Well, that accounts for the extraordinary size of it.

NOT DRUGS

Food Did It.

After using laxative and cathartic medicines from childhood a case of chronic and apparently incurable constipation yielded to the scientific food, Grape-Nuts, in a few days.

"From early childhood I suffered with such terrible constipation that I had to use laxatives continuously going from one drug to another and suffering more or less all the time.

"A prominent physician whom I consulted told me the muscles of the digestive organs were partially paralyzed and could not perform their work without help of some kind, so I have tried at different times about every laxative and cathartic known, but found no help that was at all permanent. I had finally become discouraged and had given my case up as hopeless when I began to use the pre-digested food, Grape-Nuts.

"Although I had not expected this food to help my trouble, to my great surprise Grape-Nuts digested immediately from the first and in a few days I was convinced that this was just what my system needed.

"The bowels performed their functions regularly and I am now completely and permanently cured of this awful trouble.

"Truly the power of scientific food must be unlimited." "There's a Reason."

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true and full of human interest.

The Pirate of Alastair

By RUPERT SARGENT HOLLAND

Author of "The Count at Harvard," etc.

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CHAPTER VI.—(Continued.)

I followed his directions to the porch enclosed with glass, and found Miss Graham sitting there with an elderly woman who proved to be her aunt, Miss Corey.

She presented me, and the elder lady, after making a few comments on the awful night, withdrew. Still standing, I put my hand into my inner pocket and drew forth the box with the locket.

"When I went back to the Ship this afternoon I found you had dropped the locket from your chain. Permit me to return it."

"Oh!" she said. "How good of you to bring it! I discovered it was gone and was afraid I might not be able to find it after the storm. Thank you so much, Mr. Selden."

I felt singularly cold and haughty, and seemed to detect a certain reserve also in her manner. The air of the Penguin Club was not conducive to informality.

I had intended to call her attention to the fact that the locket was open when I came upon it, but could not bring myself to do so in the face of the chill that seemed to have settled down upon us.

"Won't you sit down and talk to me?" she said, but I shook my head.

"I must be getting back. The storm is getting worse every minute. The wood road will soon be a swollen river."

There came a growl of thunder and a flash of livid lightning. Miss Graham scarcely moved a muscle. "I love storms," she said, "but I don't blame you for wanting to get home as soon as you can. You must be soaked even in those clothes."

I looked at my rough attire, and then at the dainty white evening gown she wore, and laughed a little sharply at the contrast.

"It's lucky I don't often come to the club," I said. "They would probably warn me from the premises as a scarecrow of ill omen."

Rodney Islip came on to the porch, in evening dress, as though to emphasize my own incongruities.

"Will you dance, Barbara?" he said. "They're playing one of your favorite waltzes." Then he discovered me. "Hello, old chap!" said he. "How the deuce came you here? You don't mean to tell me you rode through the thick of this storm?"

Petty resentment got the better of me; I barely noticed him, and bowed to the girl.

"Don't let me keep you, Miss Graham. My mission is over. Good night."

She held out her hand; I barely touched it. I was at the door when Rodney spoke. "I say, old man, have you seen the evening papers? Terrible times in France, more trouble on the market; let me get you the news." He was so full of the stock exchange himself that he thought we must all be interested.

"No, I thank you," I answered, bluntly, and went out, scorning myself for my rudeness to this chap whose only fault lay in the fact that Miss Graham cared so much about him. I was to be still more scornful of this rudeness to him in the days to come.

I stood in the shadow while they passed me, then I stole back to the glass-covered porch and looked in for a moment at the dancing. I watched Islip lead Miss Graham on to the floor and float away with her, and I caught sight of the locket hanging on its chain about her throat. She looked very fair in her white gown, with her neck bare, and Islip looked very happy as he danced with her. I looked again at my own rough, uncouth garb. This was no place for me. Suddenly I hated the Penguin Club and all it contained, all its civilization, all its clothes and dances. I would be off to my little hut in the dunes, with no one but Charles by, and he my very humble servant.

Nero was ready, and I swung myself up and plunged off again into the night. Flashes of lightning showed me the depth of the water in the woods. I ploughed my way homeward, caring nothing what happened, riding as though a legion of devils pursued.

I paid no attention to Charles' fire and the hot grog that he had ready. I flung off my sodden clothes and went to bed, finding my one satisfaction in the crashing guns of the thunder that seemed to bombard Alastair from the sky. It was certainly the night for any mysterious deed, I remember thinking as I fell asleep.

CHAPTER VII.

I must have been asleep for some time when a sudden sky-cracking crash of thunder brought me wide awake. An instinctive movement made me jump out of bed and go to the front window which looks out upon the sea. The blackness of the pit, and only the roar of the waves against the cliff! Then while I peered into the night came a flash of lightning, revealing the beach and the waves and the open sea with startling clearness. The scene was over in the time it takes to tell it, but I had seen something—a long ship's boat, oar-blades flashing, half way between the light of the Shifting Shoal and Alastair. There followed blackness, and another crash of the sky's guns.

I waited, my eyes trained on the spot, and again came the flash, and now, out near the Shoal, I saw a long, black schooner, bare of canvas, pitching like mad in the moil of an angry sea. She was not on the Shoal—she might be some distance off it—but she was tasting a very nasty squall. Darkness, another peal, more lightning, and now I saw that the long boat, shooting furiously landward, was heading towards me, was making straight for the beach as fast as the waves and the oarsmen could drive her. Another lifting of night, and I saw a tall man—he seemed strangely, uncannily tall—half standing, half stooping in the stern sheets, the ends of a cape flying past him in the gale.

When I could see again the long boat was making ready for the dash into the roaring surf. The oarsmen—there were some twelve—were laboring to keep the bow straight on. The tall man was standing up to see where he should go, and I caught sight of his white and storm-distorted face. I could not move, I could not utter a cry; I stood transfixed, scarce breathing, my body taut, waiting to see what would happen next.

Seconds passed in the darkness, then a flash, and I saw that the boat had weathered the worst of the surf, and was grinding on the shore. Four of the men had leaped out and were hauling hard at the sides; the steersman, gaunt and black, still clutched the tiller, half crouching, and was shouting. Succeeding darkness gave me a chance to wonder what manner of men were these making for Alastair, deserting their ship on the coast, and landing where there was no harbor, and only a shingle beach. Light again, and I stood dumfounded, transfixed, for I saw a little procession marching up the beach to the pines east of me: first the tall man in the long, black, flapping cloak, then two men bearing a good-sized box between them, and then two others, carrying what looked to me like shovels. Darkness, a terrible roar of thunder, and I pinched myself to make sure that I was awake.

I struck a match and held it behind my hand in order that no signal should be given. My watch told me the hour was half past one. I found that I was shivering from the cold, and slipped into my coat. At every flash of light I was back at the window, raking the beach with my eyes. I saw nothing but the grounded boat, with a number of men standing by, and far off the tossing hulk of the schooner.

I did not even dare step into the hall to call Charles, so afraid was I of losing something of this remarkable sight. Minutes passed. I kept my watch in my hand. Flash succeeded flash at greater intervals, but the scene was still the same: the boat evidently waiting, the farther reaches of the beach empty.

Half an hour had gone when my patience was rewarded. The same procession appeared from the pines, minus only—so far as I could see—the box that two of them had carried. There was a long interval of blackness, and then I saw the long boat plunging again through the breakers, and the crew struggling to keep her righted with their oars. I could see the boat was sharp at either end, and the men no novices at the dangerous work of beaching. They were gone, going back to their schooner, and I felt that the spirit of mystery was lifting from Alastair.

Still I waited, and in time the scene lightened, and I saw that the boat had left something: the tall, cloaked man still stood upon the beach, gazing seaward as though to catch the last of his mates. I remember that even in that brief instant I felt there was something strange about him, something fantastic, something out of keeping with the New England shore.

Darkness shut in, the roar of thunder lessened, the lightning passed; the outer world only sent me the deep, distant booming of the sea upon the cliff. I stumbled back to bed and pulled the clothes about me, full of wonder at what my eyes had seen.

I lay there for a long time, thinking, conjecturing what all this strange matter meant. Somehow, my quiet beach had been transformed; the space between the cliffs now shadowed forth a mystery, and yet, preposterous as the idea seemed, I felt in some way that I had always expected a remarkable something to happen, my dreams in some way to come true, for Alastair was no common place and was fit for some surprising history.

In time I dropped asleep, to dream of queer things.

CHAPTER VIII.

When I awoke in the morning I was more than half of the mind that I had dreamed of the lightning's singular pictures, or at least that, being suddenly startled from sound sleep and dazzled by successive flashes and stunned by the roar of thunder, my imagination had played some trick on me. Anything else seemed too remarkable to be believed. Yet I could not quite convince myself that I had not seen the tormented schooner, the landing on the beach of the long boat, the march into the pines, and the final picture of that tall, gaunt figure gazing seaward. I could not believe that my imagination or my dreams could be so vivid as my remembrance of those scenes.

I questioned Charles closely at breakfast as to how he had passed the night. It seemed that he had slept stolidly through all the uproar. Even had he not, he would probably have seen nothing, for his room was at the back of the house.

The storm continued, though with lessened violence. After breakfast I ventured out, dressed for a wetting, and went first to the place where, as I remembered, the long boat had been beached. The waves had done away with all traces of the keel. Then I followed as nearly as I could the path which the strangers had taken to the pines; but the wind and rain had obliterated the footsteps, if there had ever been any there. I poked into the pines, only to be drenched by waterfalls for my pains. The mystery was as deep as ever when I finally desisted and went back to shelter.

After some thought, I determined to keep my secret to myself. Charles would respectfully listen to my statement, but without further evidence he would be only too apt, taking the facts in conjunction with my mysterious ride to the club in the evening, to believe I had dreamed it all. What would a schooner's crew be doing on our lonely beach in the height of a midnight storm? A sensible man would naturally be inclined to doubt.

I settled down to work, and, shutting my mind both to the mystery and to Miss Graham, succeeded in getting a good deal done by night. The next day I passed in similar fashion, living in quiet comfort so long as the storm lasted.

The third day broke fair, and early in the morning I swept the sea and the beach with my binoculars. Never were sea and land more peaceful; the tempest appeared to have cleared the atmosphere and brought it to a new serenity. My work accomplished, I set out for the little river to the west of the cliff, to see how my catboat had weathered the gale. I found there was some bailing to be done, and then, called by a gentle breeze, I ran up sail and for an hour beat up the channel. The hot sun of noon sent me home, and I sat down to my mid-day dinner.

Charles had brought me papers and a note from the club. I ran through the papers first, to prove to myself how little I cared for the note, but at last I broke its seal.

"I am going to hold you to your invitation for supper in the Ship now that the storm is over. May we have it to-day about 6?"

That was all, without even a signature.

I was in two minds as to what to do. I could not disappoint her without seeming more than churlish, without writing myself down once and for all as no gentleman, and yet the sight of her note roused much of my sleeping resentment. If I went, I would at least show her that two could play at her game.

I visited the larder and decided on a menu. Then I startled Charles half out of his senses, though to his credit be it said he never showed it. "You will pack these things"—I pointed out certain provisions—"in the wheelbarrow, and take them on to the Ship on the beach. You will also take the folding-table from my study, and two folding-chairs, and set the table on the deck. I am going to take supper there with a lady at 6. You can leave the iced tea in a bottle. Have the supper ready at a quarter before the hour, and then leave. We will not require any service."

"Yes, Mr. Felix," said Charles, sedately. I frowned as though the whole proceeding bored me, and returned to my work.

As half past 5 I dressed carefully and left the house. As I walked up the beach I could not help but contrast this sunny scene with the night of the storm. Whatever that night had brought to Alastair, it was clear I was not to know much about it.

I waited on the shore until Miss Graham appeared, and crossed the path with her to the Ship. I pulled the short rope-ladder over the side and helped her on board. We beheld a supper table immaculately set, and places for two.

Miss Graham was delighted, and I could not help relenting a little when I saw how very pleased she was. Moreover, I was the host, and she my guest, and I could not cast a shadow over my own feast. I tried, therefore, as best I could, to forget Islip and the locket, and to think only of what a beautiful late afternoon it was, of how fresh the smell of the sea came to the old Ship's decks, and of the beauty of the girl who sat across from me. I think she detected that at first I was making an effort, and so tried to help me, for she was very lively and talkative, making much sport of the supper, all the courses of which were spread before us at once, and of our having to wait upon ourselves.

When we had finished supper, I asked Miss Graham's permission to light a cigarette, and pushed my chair a little back from the table. There was a new moon in the sky, and I pointed it out to her.

"This is the finest hour of the day," I said. "If only the Ship would up anchor and take us for a sail!"

"If your pirate doesn't come now, just after supper, with a crescent moon hanging right side up, I don't believe he ever will," put in the girl pensively.

Her playful words, combined with the ingenuous voice and the far-away, childlike dreaming of her eyes, aroused something of my old resentment. Almost before I knew what I was doing I had fallen a victim to an impulsive temptation, and was leaning on the table with my eyes fixed on her.

(To be continued.)

THE UTILITARIAN SIDE.

Forces of Nature Which Are Almost Beyond Comprehension.

There used to be a joke current to the effect that a tailor, who was taken to see Niagara Falls, remarked that it was "a splendid place to sponge a coat." He saw only the utilitarian side of the great display of nature's force, as many another man has done since, thereby exciting the poet's ire.

Twenty-one million cubic feet of water fall over Niagara's brink every minute, equalling 16,000,000 horsepower an hour, and it is estimated that the total daily production of coal in the world, if converted into steam, would just about suffice to pump the water back again.

The flowing of nine rivers into the Pacific represents 900,000,000 horsepower for every foot of fall. Now the aggregate horsepower of the globe is 46,000,000, about one-twentieth of the power which is permitted to go to waste in the two instances recorded above.

Electrical science has called attention to this enormous amount of wasted energy. A very small portion of the water that flows over Niagara Falls would drive dynamos enough to light the State of New York in every nook and corner; and there is hardly a state in the Union that has not millions of horsepower going to waste in the same manner.

Cataracts, tidal waves and rapid rivers will, in time, be utilized everywhere, and great steps have already been made in that direction.

Neither climate nor altitude seems to hinder this utilization, and one of the most successful of recently installed electrical plants is far up in the Alps. The melting snow gives a never-failing stream of water, which revolves a series of turbine wheels. These, in turn, whirl the dynamo armature, and its electrical energy is conveyed miles away over a copper thread to a motor of a woolen manufactory of 36,000 spindles.

Another larger plant is being installed at Rheinfelder, on the Rhine, consisting of 20 turbine wheels coupled direct to dynamos of 500,000 "watts"—a watt is the unit of electrical force. From these, electrical energy will be transmitted to various industrial centers within a radius of 15 miles.

The town of Gilman, Col., which is 2,000 feet above Red Cliff, in the very heart of Eagle River Canyon, and 11,000 feet above the sea level, is on a mountain stream called Fall River, which rises in the Mountain of the Holy Cross. The water from this river which enters the Eagle River at the bottom of the canyon, is brought by pipe line into the mines. The fall is equal to 500 feet perpendicular, and its energy drives the dynamos which generate currents for supplying the richest mines of gold and silver in Colorado. The water power at Sault Ste. Marie is estimated at 236,000 horsepower.

Sooner Than He Expected.

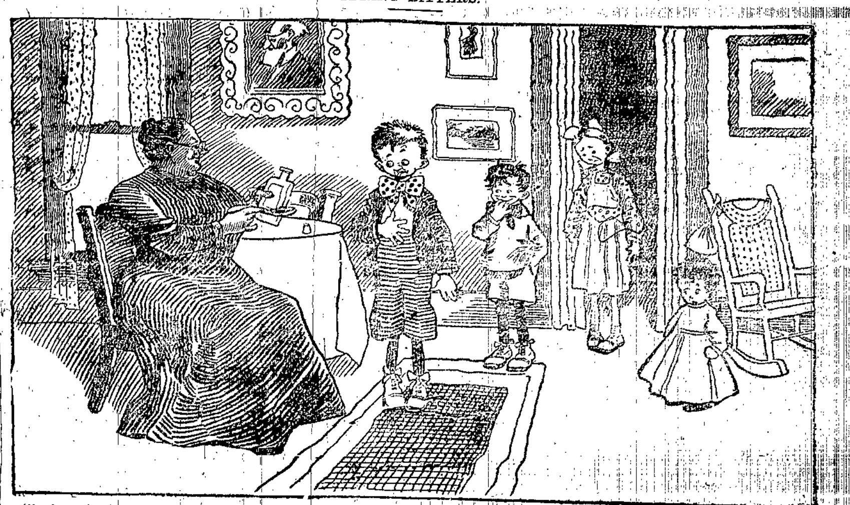
He watched the clock for quitting time,
Although his hours were short;
They fired him! Ah, the time to quit
Come sooner than he thought.
—Detroit Free Press.

Household Conveniences.

"I have a fireless cooker."

"That's nothing; I've got a smokeless husband."—Baltimore American.

SPRING BITTERS.



—Cincinnati Post.

LONGING.

Come to me in my dreams, and then
By day I shall be well again!
For then the night will more than pay
The hopeless longing of the day.

Come, as thou cam'st a thousand times,
A messenger from radiant climes,
And smile on thy new world, and be
As kind to others as to me!

Or, as thou never cam'st in sooth,
Come now, and let me dream it truth;
And part my hair, and kiss my brow,
And say, "My love, why sufferest thou?"

Come to me in my dreams, and then
By day I shall be well again!
For then the night will more than pay
The hopeless longing of the day.
—Matthew Arnold.

DAISY'S GREAT FAULT

It could hardly be said that Winthrop Mosier courted the girl. Something of the sort was hinted, more or less broadly, by Spink in the office, but Winthrop repelled the soft impeachment with horror and distress. This was by reason of his abnormal modesty.

"You ought to be kicked for even supposing such a thing," said Winthrop to Spink. "Miss Considine is gracious enough to receive my visits occasionally," he went on, "and her mother has been exceedingly kind to me—far more so than I had any right to expect. I have been entertained by the family most hospitably, but I hope I would be the last to presume upon their goodness. I suppose you were only joking, Spink, but I must say I consider such jokes in very bad taste."

Whereupon Spink subsided, contenting himself with a wink to the other fellows.

It seemed to most people that it was hardly necessary for Mosier to depreciate himself in the way he habitually did. He was certainly not much to look at, being undersized and washed out in appearance. The color in him really appeared to be diluted to a point where it was doubtful. It was hard to tell whether his eyes were blue or gray, or whether his hair was flaxen or bleached brown. He had a funny little snub nose, a wide, thin-lipped mouth and imperceptible eyebrows. As to his ability, that was just about the average. The office considered him a fairly competent man and paid him a fairly good salary, which seemed to Mosier most astonishing.

"I don't understand it at all," he said to Spink. "I know fellows who are twice as clever as I am—good, steady fellows, too, who aren't doing half as well. I know there are hundreds of better men out of employment altogether. Even here—look at Dinsey and Kraus. They ought to be where I am and I ought to be where they are."

"Sure," replied Spink, kindly. "A fool for luck!"

To go back to Miss Considine: The young man continued his visits to the house and for a long time there was nothing to distinguish the attentions he paid the daughter from those which the mother received from him. He did his little best to be agreeable to both, and showed no particular disappointment if the girl happened to be out when he called. In course of time, however, all that changed.

The first sign Spink noticed was a pronounced moodiness. He and Mosier, it must be said, were roommates. Sometimes Mosier dressed himself with great care and went out, presumably to call on the Considines, for three or four evenings hand running. At other times he remained in his room for an even more extended period, reading "Lalla Rookh" and other poetry of a distinctly sentimental nature. If Spink spoke to him he replied in monosyllables and he sighed until his companion complained of the draft. His appetite for breakfast was poor and occasionally he neglected to shave himself. Spink, who was not a young man of great experience, was inclined to attribute all this to liver trouble. That made Mosier mad.

"What is it, then?" asked Spink.

At last it came out, in a despairing explosion.

"It's Miss Considine," confessed Withrop.

"What about her?" Spink inquired. "What's wrong with her?"

"What's wrong with her?" echoed Mosier. "Nothing's wrong with her. It's me. Tommy, I'm afraid I've allowed myself to fall in love with her."

"I don't see why that should make you feel bad," said Spink.

"You don't?" said Mosier. "Why, you must be crazy! Do you think it's nothing to be consumed with a hopeless passion? You wait till you have one and see how you'll feel, that's all."

"You chump!" said his friend. "Why should it be hopeless? I don't see anything hopeless about it. Brace up and go after her."

"I?" said the modest young man. "I go after her? A fellow like me? Why, the idea is preposterous! You've seen Miss Considine, haven't you? You know who I'm talking about? Miss Daisy Considine."

"Yes, I know her," said Spink. "She's a nice girl."

"A nice girl! She's the most beautiful, graceful, charming, accomplished, the cleverest, the sweetest, the most angelic—"

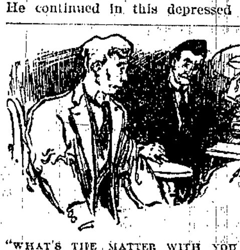
"Oh, cut it out!" interrupted Spink. "Of course she is. They all are. What of it?"

"Oh, nothing," said Mosier, bitterly. "Only if you had any sense at all it might strike you as rather absurd to suppose that with all the world to choose from she would ever consider a poor stick like me. I'm not good looking, I'm not clever, I'm not lively, I'm not rich. I'm not anything. I'm a nonentity. If she wasn't the most kind-hearted girl in the world she wouldn't as much as look at me. I haven't got any illusions about myself. I know what I am and I know what she is. You're out of your mind if you think it's anything but hopeless."

"That's all right," said Spink. "You ain't a great deal, but don't you ever think she's got her pick of everything there is."

Mosier laughed two short laughs and returned to "Lalla Rookh." It was clear that he was unconvinced.

The next time he went to the Considines he came back gloomier than ever. He continued in this depressed state



"WHAT'S THE MATTER WITH YOU AND DAISY."

of mind for over a month. Then he made the announcement of his engagement to Miss Considine.

"What did I tell you!" said Spink.

"I know," assented Mosier, thoughtfully.

"You don't seem overjoyed," remarked Spink.

"Of course, I'm overjoyed," declared Mosier. "Why shouldn't I be?"

"Lalla Rookh" went back to the book shelf and stayed there. Three evenings in each week Mosier dressed with particular care and went to see his affianced, but he showed none of the exhilaration, none of the bubbling joy that might have been expected under the circumstances. As time went on he began to look most unhappy and his calls upon his betrothed became shorter and shorter in duration.

"Winny," said Spink one evening, "what's the matter with you and Daisy? I notice you don't talk about her any more. Is anything wrong?"

Mosier considered a long while before replying. "Tommy," he said at last, "I am wondering if I haven't made a mistake. I know I can confide in you, and I don't mind saying that I've my doubts about Daisy. I've felt for some time—almost from the first—that there was something wrong and that she wasn't all I once thought she was."

"Why?" asked Spink.

"Hasn't it ever occurred to you?" said Mosier. "Tommy, if there isn't something wrong, why do you suppose she accepted me?"

Spink considered in his turn. "If I understand you, Mosier," he said, "you have a suspicion that at the very least she showed she hadn't very good sense. I don't know but you may be right, too. I'm inclined to think that you are."—Chicago Daily News.

A Hard World.

"Did you ever feel that the world was against you?"

"Sure! I felt it this morning when I slipped on the sidewalk."—Pittsburg Observer.

One Request.

Medium—Is there any question you would like to ask your first wife?

Sitter—Yes; I would like to ask her to give my second wife her recipe for mince-meat.—Answers.

If a woman admits her husband's goodness, it is usually in connection with something he has done for her kin.

POPULAR SCIENCE

A recently invented life-saving [illegible] for use on Paris lakes frequented by skaters is supported by small balloons, so it will not sink should the ice break.

The second largest masonry arch in the world, recently completed for an Australian railroad, is 278 feet [illegible] inches long and has a rise of 78 feet.

In training its cavalry recruits the German army is making use of a machine, driven by electricity, in which all the movements of horses are simulated.

A New York electric light company is using a rotary pump, mounted on the rear of an automobile and driven by its flywheel, to pump out flooded manholes.

During a severe storm at Hackettstown, N. J., lightning struck the street lighting system passing through thirty-three tungsten lamps without injuring them.

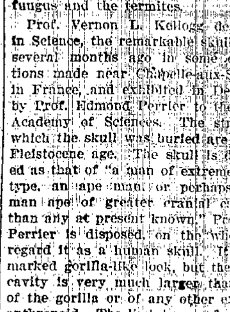
For some [illegible] reason 60-inch searchlights have proved unsatisfactory in the navy, and they have been abandoned in favor of the 30 and 36 inch ones.

One of the most interesting and disputed questions in American archaeology is that of the origin and age of Fort Ancient, in Warren County, Ohio. The State of Ohio has recently purchased this site, which is to be turned into a public park. Mr. Warren K. Moorehead believes that Fort Ancient is 800 or 900 years old. He regards the more modern articles found in a grave in its vicinity as later intrusions. He does not, however, regard the question of the age of this most interesting structure as yet settled, and says that many years of study and exploration will be required to clear up the mystery.

A striking indication of the great stimulus which the cultivation of rubber plants has received within a few years is given by the latest report of the director of agriculture for the Federated Malay States. In 1897 there were 345 acres of rubber plants under cultivation there. In 1900 the area had increased to 4,093 acres; in 19[illegible] to 43,338 acres, and in 1907 to 12[illegible] acres. The fall of the price of rubber in 1907 did not interrupt the industry but simply led to improved methods of production. Even at the lowest prices, the profit of the farmers, over the cost of production, is said to be more than 100 per cent. The greatest enemies of the rubber plants are root fungus and the termites.

Prof. Vernon L. Kellogg describes in Science, the remarkable skull found several months ago in some excavations made near Chapelle-aux-Saints, in France, and exhibited in December by Prof. Edmond Perrier to the Paris Academy of Sciences. The strata in which the skull was buried are of the Pleistocene age. The skull is described as that of "a man of extremely low type, an ape man or perhaps of a man ape of greater cranial capacity than any at present known." Professor Perrier is disposed, on the whole, to regard it as a human skull. It has a marked gorilla-like look, but the brain cavity is very much larger than that of the gorilla or of any other existing anthropoid. The limb bones—for parts of the skeleton were also found—are curved, and present a conformation indicating that the creature walked more often on all fours than erect. "The bones," says Professor Kellogg, "seem to be fairly intermediate between those of a man and those of the present-day anthropoids."

BASEBALL STATIONERY.



Must Have Been.

"Heard some men talking about you, lovey, to-day."

"Indeed, what were they saying?"

"I couldn't catch it all from where I sat, but from time to time I could hear some mention of the sugar trust."

No girl's switch ever matches the color of her hair.

It is difficult to keep a purse fat on a slender income.

ANOTHER WOMAN CURED

By Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Gardiner, Maine.—"I have been a great sufferer from organic troubles and a severe female weakness. The doctor said I would have to go to the hospital for an operation, but I could not bear to think of it. I decided to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash—and was entirely cured after three months' use of them."—Mrs. S. A. Williams, R. F. D. No. 14, Box 30, Gardiner, Me.

No woman should submit to a surgical operation, which may mean death, until she has given Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, made exclusively from roots and herbs, a fair trial.

This famous medicine for women has for thirty years proved to be the most valuable tonic and renewer of the female organism. Women residing in almost every city and town in the United States bear willing testimony to the wonderful virtue of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. It cures female ills, and creates radiant, buoyant female health. If you are ill, for your own sake as well as those you love, give it a trial.

Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

Bad BLOOD

"Before I began using Cascarets I had a bad complexion, pimples on my face, and my food was not digested as it should have been. Now I am entirely well, and the pimples have all disappeared from my face. I can truthfully say that Cascarets are just as advertised; I have taken only two boxes of them."

Clarence R. Griffin, Sheridan, Ind.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good, Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. 927

PILES PAY IF CURED We pay postage and FREE RED CROSS Pile and Fistula Cure. REX CO., Dept. B5, Minneapolis, Minn.

If afflicted with Sore Eyes, use THOMPSON'S EYE WATER

The Rain Was Hot.

Mrs. Goitt had been waiting for a week or more to give her rear porch a good scrubbing, but she was always afraid of incurring the keen displeasure of the people in the flat below, who, it seemed, were never off their porch and who would get all the drippings of her scrubbing operation.

When it rained, though, Mrs. Goitt saw what she thought was her opportunity. The people down below surely would not be out on the porch during the rainstorm, and all the water that dripped down would be attributed to the rain. She filled a bucket with boiling hot water, threw in a sallow cake of soap and got busy.

But she had reckoned wrong, for the people down below were on their porch enjoying the shower. In a minute Mrs. Goitt heard a woman's voice below saying:

"Why, Martha, the rain's coming through from the porch above. The roof must leak."

And then Martha observed, with a gasp:

"Yes. And, oh, heavens, had you noticed that the rain is hot? Did you ever hear of such a thing? Aren't terrible things happening? All these dreadful murders, and now hot rain! But it's the Lord's doings, and we must submit."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

One on Grandma.

"Grandma, did you like that lemon drop?"

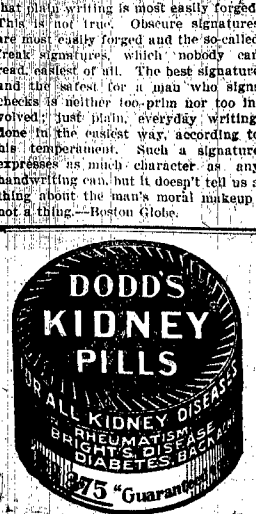
"Yes, dear; I liked it very much."

"Towser didn't; he spat it out twice."—The Tatler.

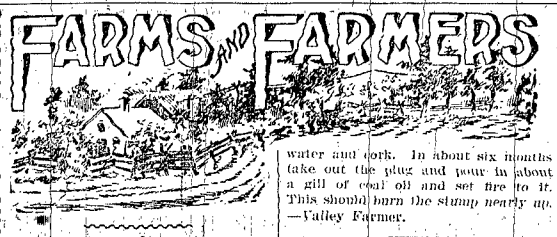
Those who keep Hamlins Wizard Oil in the house do not have to buy any other remedy for sore throat. No other remedy will cure this trouble so quickly or so surely. Remember this.

Handwriting.

As a rule, clear handwriting is more common with persons who do not write for a living than with those who do. Authors, for example, are creating something when they write; their mind is concentrated on this creative work; their thoughts are generally ahead of their hand, sometimes a whole sentence, and they hurry to keep pace with them. The result is bad handwriting, but handwriting with individuality in it, if not character. There is a theory that plain writing is most easily forged. This is not true. Obscure signatures are most easily forged and the so-called freak signatures, which nobody can read, easiest of all. The best signature and the safest for a man who signs checks is neither too prim nor too involved; just plain, everyday writing, done in the easiest way, according to his temperament. Such a signature expresses as much character as any handwriting can, but it doesn't tell us a thing about the man's moral makeup; not a thing.—Boston Globe.



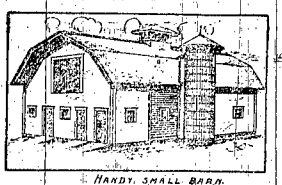
FARMS AND FARMERS



Plans for Farm Barn.

The many very marked changes in farm life would lead one to believe that the large farm is, or soon will be, a thing of the past. The high price of farm help, the necessity for better cultivation and farming, fewer and better bred stock, better care of stock, better buildings for housing the hay, grain and stock, lots of soon will bring the small farm, and, so planned and arranged that a greater variety of products are raised.

Many instances are known where the man who had struggled for years with 200 to 500 acres, barely made a living, and of doubling their income by simply renting out all of the land except fifty to eighty acres. That, several cows must be kept on such a farm goes without saying, not only for the monthly income and profit, but for the manure that is necessary to keep the soil alive.



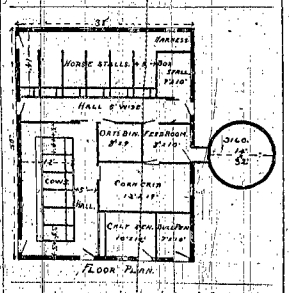
HANDY SMALL BARN.

Present sanitary requirements call for many devices and appliances that cannot be installed on the small farm, but cleanliness and kindness is within the possibilities of any of us, and while it is true that to house the cows in the same building with the horses has some disadvantages, it also has its advantages, and to build separate buildings for both, is not only expensive, but calls for extra help in caring for and feeding them.

A careful study of the barn shown in the illustration herewith will show what we will call a condensed arrangement, and, while the cows are in the same barn with the horses, a good, tight partition separates them from the horse barn, to keep out the dust and odors. For the same reason the silo is located where shown; for silage, no matter how well cared for, has an offensive odor, that is readily absorbed by milk.

The floor plan is self-explaining, the silo is an ordinary stave structure, with wire cables for hoops as the cable is not so easily affected by contraction and expansion as the solid iron hoops.

The crib has the foundation left out as shown, and the floor is of 2x6 inch studding, with one-half inch spaces between. The siding is drop siding, the same as the balance of the barn, but the top and lower edges are beveled, and a one-half-inch space is left between each board. This construction allows a free circulation of air, and keeps out the rain, snow and wind. The small amount of corn that drops through the floor is eaten by the poultry and hogs. The studding are 12 feet, and the lower story is 8 feet; the cow stalls are of cement, with gutter, and all stalls have pounded clay floors. It will pay to plaster the walls and ceiling of the cow barn with cement. After the silo has been used for several years, it is intended to lath and plaster it with cement.



It will pay to use good material throughout, provide a good foundation and roof, and to keep all exposed wood work well painted.

As the various climates demand slightly different construction, and the lumber used is not the same in all sections, it would be simply a waste of valuable space to describe them here.—J. E. Bridgman, in St. Paul Dispatch.

Cultivation That Damages Corn.

The corn is often damaged by the roots being broken in deep cultivation. This is not the case to a serious extent early in the season, when the corn is small, but the check to the crop may be quite marked if cultivated deep late in the season, when the corn has reached a height of 2 to 3 feet or more, particularly if the previous cultivation has been shallow or neglected. If dry weather happens to follow such treatment the damage to the crop is much increased. When not followed by some form of cultivation that will level down the ridges left by the large shovel cultivator, the ground will dry out quite deeply and in the furrows between the ridges this drying readily reaches the roots of the corn. To obviate this as much as possible, when the old-fashioned large shovels are used, the work should be followed as soon as possible with something to level down the surface. Unless there is something to be gained by it, deep cultivation should not be followed.—Oklahoma Station.

Destroying Stumps.

Here are two ways of destroying stumps by means of acids: In the tall bore with an inch auger 10 inches deep into the stump. Into this put one-half pound of vitriol and cork up very tight. The stump will probably be rotten in about eight months. Another way: Bore with inch auger 18 inches deep into stump and put in one ounce of saltpeter and then fill the hole with water and cork. In about six months take out the plug and pour in about a gill of coal oil and set fire to it. This should burn the stump nearly up.—Valley Farmer.

Co-Operation Among Farmers.

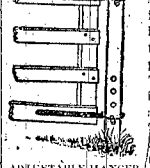
Men in all other lines of business organize and work together. Farmers are beginning to see the need of concerted action, but as a rule we still work single-handed. At Lombard, Ill., about twenty miles west of Chicago, the farmers who produce milk for sale in the big city have tried several times to organize in order to force the milk trust to pay them a price in accordance with what the customer pays, but the trust is always able to hire some farmer to break the rules of the local association or to talk against the project to such an extent as to defeat its ends. That is one great difficulty in forming protective measures among farmers. There are always a few men in the community who are willing to sacrifice future advantages to gain a few cents in present price.—Agricultural Editorist.

All in Management.

Folks say that if you want any class of stock that can always be sold at a profit, from weaning time until tottering old age, you want a mule. We do not raise mules so can not speak from experience. This much we do know, however, several good friends of ours have been dickering in mules for years without making any money. Perhaps these are the exceptional cases that prove the rule. Others have raised and bought mules and made good money. We surmise it's more the man and his management than it is the mule, that reaps the profit. The same man dealing in razorbacks might make some money.—Farmers' Mail and Breeze.

Easily Regulated Gate.

The gate hanger illustrated in the drawing is very handy for use where it is desired to let hogs pass from one pasture to another while cows are confined to one. As shown, the hanger is a piece of strap iron bent around the post and supported by pegs. These pegs may be inserted in holes at varying heights. This is also a good device for raising the gate above the snow in winter.—Sam Avery, in Farm and Home.



ADJUSTABLE HANGER.

Fertilizing the Garden.

Don't be afraid of getting the soil too rich for any of the vegetables whose leaf or stem is edible. If you cannot have plenty of well rotted manure, a top dressing of nitrate of soda just before planting will furnish the plant food needed of nitrogen, but other elements may be needed for a proper balance. Wood ashes, if available, are a good source for potash, but sulphate or muriate of potash may be used instead and frequently a dressing of hyperphosphate is beneficial.

If one is growing only a small garden for home use, the droppings from the poultry house will furnish enough fertilizer to keep the soil in a good state of fertility; but if growing truck on a large scale, it would be well to inquire of your experiment station what commercial fertilizers would be of most help in securing maximum crops of the vegetables you wish to grow.

Fertilizer for Potatoes.

For potatoes the past year we used 1,200 pounds of fertilizer to the acre, one-third applied broadcast and the rest scattered in the furrow, brushing the fertilizer into the soil of the furrow before planting the seed. After planting, the surface was kept well stirred to prevent weeds starting and the cultivator was run often enough to keep down the weeds. A little hand hoeing was done. The yield was 250 bushels per acre. The crop followed corn and the land was very thoroughly harrowed before potatoes were planted. Plenty of harrowing and liberal use of fertilizers may be depended on to give a good crop.

Fertilizing the Lawn.

No top dressing nor fertilizer will do more to revive grass than nitrate of soda, and it should be used in combination with materials containing phosphoric acid and potash. A mixture of 150 pounds of nitrate of soda, 150 pounds of acid phosphate and 75 pounds of muriate of potash is recommended. Grass, even in old meadows, will respond very quickly to this treatment.

Breeding Corn.

Prof. R. A. Moore says that painstaking in breeding corn has raised the average corn production in Wisconsin from 25 bushels per acre in 1901 to 41.2 bushels per acre in 1907. This increase is worth striving for in every State and on every farm.

Notes of the Pig Pen.

Give growing pigs food to produce bone and muscle rather than fat.

No domestic animal responds so quickly to good treatment as the hog.

The pig should have a warm, dry bed kept clean and free from dust.

Thrifty hogs turn grains into money quicker than any other domestic animal.

The thrift and condition of the mother determine to a great extent what the pig will be.

When a hog has to be driven to his feed usually a mistake has been made in his feeding.

When fed dry shelled corn is more economical than cornmeal to feed to fattening hogs.

Beauty in form and appearance is not a safe indication of the value of a sow as a breeder.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

CHICAGO.

A cheering animation is seen to be pervading current operations in trade generally, and conditions have become distinctly encouraging as to the immediate outlook. The important developments include the stimulus which comes from seasonable weather and the opportunity to advance industrial and farming activities, together with a readjustment of labor controversies which threatened construction lines. A significant feature which foreshadows increased production at the mills and factories appears in more numerous demands for furnace outputs, steel shapes and equipment. A tendency toward rising prices for supplies characterizes iron, textiles, minor metals and leather.

Important May settlements at the banks and board of trade were promptly liquidated and the demand strengthened for money, although the discount rate for choice commercial paper was unchanged.

Prices for the leading breadstuffs stand at the highest average for the season, and the profits to farmers induce larger expenditures for implements, materials and improvements. Forwardings have become heavier to Western points of fabricated steel, wire, hardware, machinery and electric appliances.

Outdoor work is again remarkably extended, and this creates exceptional deliveries of quarry products, plumbing supplies and lumber. Leather working trades obtain satisfactory contracts, especially for footwear and the market for hides is firmer. April permits for business structures were forty-five in number and $2,437,350 in value and compare with similar number and $1,082,900 in value for April 1908.

Bank clearings, $295,991,231, exceed those of corresponding week in 1908 by 16.9 per cent and compare with $259,694,815 in 1907.

Failures reported in the Chicago district number 30, against 23 last week, 36 in 1908 and 19 in 1907. Those with liabilities over $5,000 number 7, against 7 last week, 9 a year ago and 4 in 1907.—Dun's Weekly Review of Trade.

NEW YORK.

Improvement in retail trade, some regaining of lost ground in farming operations and a distinctly more optimistic feeling as to trade for the future are the leading favorable features in this week's reports to Bradstreet's. Jobbing and wholesale trade for immediate delivery shows between seasons quiet, but fall trade is developing a better tone and enlarged demand. Perhaps the most encouraging feature of the week, business affecting one of the country's basic industries, is the enlarged demand, more cheerful tone and higher range of prices reported in the iron and steel industry. Coincidently, there is rather more doing in the Western coal trade.

The wool market is strong and active at higher prices and leather and hides are selling better at higher quotations, although fall business in shoes does not develop rapidly. Collections show little change and are still inclined to slowness. Taken as a whole, trade feeling is optimistic, and much is hoped from the passing of tariff uncertainty, the development of warmer weather and the progress of crop planting and growth to a point where the business community can safely make calculations as to ultimate outlook.

Business failures in the United States for the week ending with May 6 were 214, against 268 last week, 288 in the like week of 1908, 154 in 1907, 162 in 1906 and 158 in 1905.

Business failures in Canada for the week number 29, compared with 21 last week and 22 in 1908.—Bradstreet's.

MARKETS OF THE WEEK

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, $4.00 to $7.25; hogs, prime heavy, $4.50 to $7.45; sheep, fair to choice, $3.00 to $5.75; wheat, No. 2, $1.46 to $1.49; corn, No. 2, 73c to 75c; oats, standard, 56c to 58c; rye, No. 2, 83c to 85c; hay, timothy, $8.00 to $14.50; prairie, $8.00 to $13.50; butter, choice creamery, 22c to 27c; eggs, fresh, 18c to 21c; potatoes, per bushel, 90c to $1.00.

Detroit—Cattle, $4.00 to $6.00; hogs, $4.00 to $7.30; sheep, $2.50 to $5.00; wheat, No. 2, $1.44 to $1.45; corn, No. 3, yellow, 78c to 79c; oats, No. 3 white, 56c to 57c; rye, No. 2, 87c to 88c.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, $1.27 to $1.30; corn, No. 3, 68c to 70c; oats, standard, 57c to 59c; rye, No. 1, 87c to 89c; barley, No. 1, 66c to 67c; pork, mess, $17.37.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, $4.00 to $6.75; hogs, fair to choice, $4.00 to $7.75; sheep, common to good mixed, $4.00 to $4.75; lambs, fair to choice, $5.00 to $8.00.

New York—Cattle, $4.00 to $6.65; hogs, $3.50 to $7.60; sheep, $3.00 to $6.00; wheat, No. 2 red, $1.43 to $1.45; corn, No. 2, 79c to 82c; oats, natural white, 61c to 63c; butter, creamery, 27c to 29c; eggs, western, 17c to 22c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, $1.44 to $1.46; corn, No. 2 mixed, 73c to 74c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 55c to 57c; rye, No. 2, 89c to 90c; clover seed, $5.85.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, $3.00 to $7.40; hogs, good to choice heavy, $3.50 to $7.45; sheep, good to choice $2.50 to $6.15; wheat, No. 2, $1.40 to $1.42; corn, No. 2 white, 67c to 69c; oats, No. 2 white, 51c to 52c.

St. Louis—Cattle, $4.00 to $6.90; hogs, $4.00 to $7.45; sheep, $3.00 to $6.50; wheat, No. 2, $1.48 to $1.50; corn, No. 2, 73c to 75c; oats, No. 2, 55c to 56c; rye, No. 2, 83c to 84c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, $4.00 to $6.40; hogs, $4.00 to $7.60; sheep, $3.00 to $4.90; wheat, No. 2, $1.43 to $1.44; corn, No. 2 mixed, 75c to 77c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 55c to 56c; rye, No. 2, 88c to 90c.

THE HOUSEHOLD

Roasted Venison.

Lard the meat well with salt and pepper and lay in a double baking pan and add one quart of water. Let it cook until it is tender, about two and one-half or three hours. Make a dressing of bread crumbs, salt and pepper, and put around the meat. Sprinkle bread crumbs thickly over the top with lumps of butter and a little pepper. Baste often and cook until it is a nice brown. Thicken the gravy with flour and serve in a gravy boat. Serve with currant jelly.

Ham Cutlets.

One pound of boiled ham, one large onion, one large potato, boiled, one sweet green pepper, two well-beaten eggs, salt and pepper to taste. Mince all together fine, then add eggs. Mold with hands to fold small hams. Make small piece uncooked macaroni in small end to form ham bone. Flour well and fry golden brown. Serve with cream sauce sprinkled with minced parsley.

Tapioca Pudding.

One-half cup of pearl tapioca, 1 cup of granulated sugar and 2 quarts of milk (skimmed milk will do), add grated nutmeg or vanilla to taste. Put all together in a baking pan in the oven. Cook slowly three or four hours, stirring frequently. Let it brown nicely before taking from the oven. This is even more delicious than the rice pudding made the same way.

Cleaning Tea Kettle.

Fill the kettle with vinegar and bring slowly to the boil. Leave on the fire for an hour. Then, while it is still hot, break away the incrustation with a flat stick or paddle. To guard against a reformation of the lime, keep an oyster shell in the kettle, changing from time to time for a fresh. The lime will gather on the shell.

Don't Guess.

Most culinary failures come from the habit of guessing. Weigh everything that is to be weighed and measure carefully all other ingredients. Do this even if you have made the article perfectly and you will be spared unpleasant surprises in spoiled dishes at important moments.

To Clean Globes.

When the globes from a chandelier have become dirty with smoke, they should be soaked in warm soda water about twenty minutes. Then add a few drops of ammonia and wash the globes well with a soaped flannel, rinse in clean cold water, dry with a soft linen cloth.

Tara's Nectar.

One pint of unfermented juice of white grapes, diluted and slightly sweetened; juice of two oranges, half a cup of pale green maraschino, seeded and halved; mix and chill. Serve in tall glasses with green ribbon tied in dainty bows around the stems.

Cool Box for Pantry.

My pantry window is 30 inches wide. I got a box the size of the lower sash and a foot deep; put two shelves in it and nailed to the outside of the window. Now by raising the window I have a cool place to put my butter, eggs and milk.

Tender Round Steak.

To fry round steak and make it tender cut each piece the desired size, pound it a little, then dip each piece in a beaten egg, then in rolled cracker crumbs. Fry until brown on both sides; season after removing from frying pan.

Cabbage Salad.

One small head of cabbage, one stalk of celery, four apples. Cut all up fine and over them pour a cream mayonnaise dressing. Serve on a lettuce leaf and on the top of each lay a choice piece of celery and two radishes.

Boiling Eggs.

Eggs covered with boiling water and allowed to stand for five minutes are more nourishing and easier digested than eggs placed in boiling water and allowed to boil furiously for three and a half minutes.

Short Suggestions.

Apples cored for baking are delicious filled with orange marmalade and a little butter and sugar.

When beating eggs observe that there is no grease on the whisk, as it will prevent the eggs from frothing.

One or two tablespoonfuls of ammonia to a pail of water will clean windows better than anything else.

A few drops of ammonia in a cupful of warm water applied carefully, will remove spots from paintings and chromos.

Try a little lemon and salt mixed the next time a price mark sticks to the bottom of china dishes or bric-a-brac.

Parmesan cheese sprinkled thickly over stewed tomatoes that are later browned in a baking dish gives them an added zest.

Baked apples with cream are served in many households for a breakfast fruit. They may be baked the day before and heated for morning use.

Chestnuts have considerable food value. The boiled and mashed pulp may be used as one would use meat or vegetables, even croquettes being made of it.

When making a flour paste to apply to wall paper always add some dissolved alum. The alum not only makes the starch hold better, but it will kill any insects in the walls.

To skim grease from soup in a hurry, use square sheets of clean tissue paper on the surface of the soup. Lay them on one at a time, lift off lightly and every bit of fat comes off.

When making apple pie the flavor is much improved and the apples will keep a good color if a few drops of lemon juice are squeezed over the apples just before the paste is put on.

An Interesting Paint Test.

There is a very simple and interesting chemical test by which to detect impurity in paint materials. *Thousands and thousands of people all over the country are making this test. It is a sure way to safeguard against the many adulterated white leads which are on the market.* Any one can make the test—all that is needed is a simple little instrument which can be had free by writing National Lead Company, 1002 Trinity Building, New York, and asking for Housewner's Painting Outfit No. 49. The Outfit includes also a book of color schemes for exterior or interior painting, or both if you wish, and a set of specifications. No house owner should make any arrangements for painting till he gets this outfit.

One can't expect a satisfactory painting job without pure white lead. There is a way to make sure you're getting a pure white lead—without testing it. See that the keg bears National Lead Company's famous Dutch Boy Painter trademark, which is a positive guaranty of purity. Your dealer probably has this white lead. If not let National Lead Company know.

Forgot.

"Remember not to forget" is an injunction familiar to every age and walk of life. A writer in London Opinion gives the following as a specimen of what even the most cautious may come to:

"What's that piece of cord tied round your finger for?" asked Mr. Church.

"My wife put it there to remind me to post her letter," answered Mr. Chappell.

"And did you post it?"

"No; she forgot to give it to me."

ECZEMA COVERED HIM.

Itching Torture Was Beyond Words—Slept Only from Sheer Exhaustion—Relieved in 24 Hours and Cured in a Month by Cuticura.

"I am seventy-seven years old, and some years ago I was taken with eczema from head to foot. I was sick for six months and what I suffered tongue could not tell. I could not sleep day or night because of that dreadful itching; when I did sleep it was from sheer exhaustion. I was one mass of irritation; it was even in my scalp. The doctor's medicine seemed to make me worse and I was almost out of my mind. I got a set of the Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Resolvent. I used them persistently for twenty-four hours. That night I slept like an infant, the first solid night's sleep I had had for six months. In a month I was cured. W. Harrison Smith, Mt. Kisco, N. Y., Feb. 3, 1908."

Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props. of Cuticura Remedies, Boston.

Feminine Lack of Logic.

Tell a wife that men are selfish, she will readily acquiesce. But tell that same woman that by spoiling her boys—whether in the nursery or at school, or university—she is sowing the seeds of egotism, she will give an emphatic denial.

The Grip of Spring.

During the last twenty years many of our citizens have been attacked in the spring months by grip. Some have had serious or slight attacks every year or two. All know it to be a dangerous disease. If Lane's Pleasant Tablets (which are sold at 25 cents a box by druggists and dealers) are taken when the first symptoms are felt, there is hardly a chance of the malady getting a foothold. If you cannot get them near home, send 25 cents to Orator F. Woodward, Le Roy, N. Y. Sample free.

The London Ladies' World has discovered that "successful people are usually quite devoid of humor."

The Secret Out.

"What made my lovely complexion? I do not like to tell, for it was medicine, but the nicest a woman ever took. It was Lane's Family Medicine that did it." This is a pleasant herb tea which acts favorably on the stomach and bowels, purifying the blood and cleansing the skin like magic. It cures headache and backache. Druggists and dealers sell it. 25c.

The Germans consume 108.5 pounds of meat a head in a year; the English, 118.4 pounds per head.

Opportunity for one good man in each locality as resident manager. Large profits closing deals. E. Hopkins, President, 1531-37 Broadway, New York.

A $20,000,000 terminal station has been planned for the steam, electric and subway lines of San Francisco.

"IF YOU ONLY WILL," the big song craze. For 10 days only 10 cents in stamps. John Franklin Music Co., Astor Theater, N. Y. City.

An average of 3,000 persons land each day in New York City from ocean-going vessels.

WANT FARM, Business or Income Property. Send full description and lowest price. Will deal only with owners. Stevens, Box 304C, Minneapolis, Minn.

An animal with the strength of a lion and the jumping capacity of a flea would hop one-third of a mile.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25c a bottle.

The applications under England's old age pension law now amount to half a million.

For Any Disease or Injury to the eye, use PETTIT'S EYE SALVE, absolutely harmless, acts quickly. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

Among the plunder which burglars carried off recently from a San Francisco house were two donkeys.

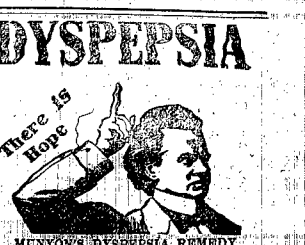
Send postcard request to-day for sample package of Garfield Tea, Nature's herb remedy for constipation, liver and kidney diseases. Garfield Tea Co., Brooklyn, N.Y.

Without the aid of a glass, an Australian is said to have written 10,061 words on a postal card.

Try Murine Eye Remedy

For Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes, Granulation, Pink Eye and Eye Strain. Murine Doesn't Smart; Soothes Eye Pain. Is Compounded by Experienced Physicians; Contains no Injurious or Prohibited Drugs. Try Murine for Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. Try It in Baby's Eyes for Scaly Eyelids. Druggists Sell Murine at 50c. The Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago, will send You Interesting Eye Books Free.

DYSPEPSIA



MUNYON'S DYSPEPSIA REMEDY acts almost immediately on the Gastric Juices and gives the stomach tone and strength to digest almost everything that has been put into it. It soothes sore and irritated stomachs that have been impaired by physic and injurious drugs. We cannot too urgently advise all persons who suffer from any of the following symptoms to try this remedy: Distress after eating, bloating of the stomach, Rising of the food, Waterbrash, Sour Stomach, Heartburn, Loss of Appetite, Constipation, Dizziness, Faintness, Palpitation of the heart, Shortness of breath, and all affections of the heart caused by indigestion. We want every discouraged and despondent sufferer from Dyspepsia or Indigestion to cast aside all other medicine and give this remedy a trial. If it fails to give satisfaction I will refund your money. MUNYON.

For sale by all druggists. Price, 25c.

Pantine TOILET ANTISEPTIC

NOTHING LIKE IT FOR

THE TEETH Pantine excels any dentifrice in cleaning, whitening and removing tartar from the teeth, besides destroying all germs of decay and disease which ordinary tooth preparations cannot do.

THE MOUTH Pantine used as a mouth wash disinfects the mouth and throat, purifies the breath, and kills the germs which collect in the mouth, causing sore throat, bad teeth, bad breath, grippe, and much sickness.

THE EYES when inflamed, tired, sticky and burn, may be instantly relieved and strengthened by Pantine.

CATARRH Pantine will destroy the germs that cause catarrh, heal the inflammation and stop the discharge. It is a sure remedy for uterine catarrh.

Pantine is a harmless yet powerful germicide, disinfectant and deodorizer. Used in bathing it destroys odors and leaves the body antiseptically clean.

FOR SALE AT DRUG STORES, 50c. OR POST PAID BY MAIL.

LARGE SAMPLE FREE!

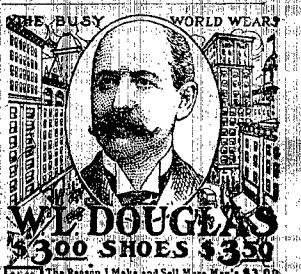
THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Positively cured by these Little Pills. They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. Genuine Must Bear Fac-Simile Signature Brent Good. REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.



$4.00 and $5.00 Shoes, $2.00 and $2.50 Shoes, $2.00 and $1.75 Boys' Shoes, $1.75 and $1.50 Shoes.

The Reason I Make and Sell More Men's $3.00 and $3.50 Shoes Than Any Other Manufacturer is because I give the wearer the benefit of the most complete organization of trained experts, and the best shoe machinery in the world. The selection of the leathers for each part of the shoe, and every detail of the making in every department, is looked after by the best shoemakers in the shoe industry. If I could show you how carefully W. L. Douglas shoes are made, you would then understand why they hold their shape, fit better, and wear longer than any other make.

Different styles of Douglas Shoes make them the most popular and fashionable shoes for every member of the family.

Shoes For Every Member of the Family. Men's, Women's, Misses' and Children's. For sale by shoe dealers everywhere.

CAUTION! Look for name and price stamped on bottom. Fast Color Eyelets used exclusively. Catalogue Mailed Free. W. L. DOUGLAS, 167 SPARK STREET, BROCKTON, MASS.

WESTERN CANADA THE PENNANT WINNER

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE. "The Last Best West."

The Government of Canada now offers to every Actual Settler 160 acres of wheat-growing land free and an additional 160 acres at $3.00 an acre.

The 300,000 contented American Settlers making their homes in Western Canada is the best evidence of the superiority of that country. They are becoming rich, growing from 25 to 50 bushels wheat to the acre, 50 to 110 bushels oats and 45 to 60 bushels barley, besides having splendid herds of cattle raised on the prairie grass. Dairying is an important industry.

The crop of 1908 still keeps Western Canada in the lead. The world will soon look to it as its food-producer.

"The thing which most impressed us was the magnitude of the country that is available for agricultural purposes."—National Editorial Correspondence, 1906.

Low Railway Rates, good schools and churches, markets convenient, Prices the Highest, climate perfect.

Lands are for sale by Railway and Land Companies. Descriptive pamphlets and maps sent free. For Railway Rates and other information apply to W. D. Scott, Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or E. T. Holmes, 315 Jackson St., St. Paul, Minn., and J. M. Maclachlan, Box 210 Watertown, So. Dakota Authorized Government Agents.

Please say where you saw this advertisement.

This Trade-mark Eliminates All Uncertainty in the purchase of paint materials. It is an absolute guarantee of purity and quality. For your own protection, see that it is on the side of every keg of white lead you buy.

NATIONAL LEAD COMPANY
1002 Trinity Building, New York

Corn Planting is here—Distemper among the horses may be near also—may take some of them—corn planting may be late if your horses have Distemper.

SPOHN'S DISTEMPER CURE

is your true safeguard—a cure as well as preventive—50c and $1.00 a box—$5.00 and $10.00 dozen, delivered. Large is more than twice the smaller size. Don't put it off. Get it. Druggists—or send to manufacturers.

Spohn Medical Co., Chemists and Bacteriologists, Goshen, Ind., U.S.A.

Quality and Value Always Represent a Saving. You Get Them Here.

The special sale of Zephyr Ginghams ends Saturday. Regular 12 1-2c dress ginghams, 9 Cents.

Orr & Morris Co

PHONE 247

Wayne, Nebraska

Bring your Produce to this store and get value received. Your produce will buy more here.

Extra Special

In SIDE BAND PRINTS. These are all standard American prints, fast colors and beautiful patterns. On sale Saturday and Monday, 10 yards to a customer ..... 10 YARDS FOR 49C

Summer Dress Goods

All the weaves and patterns so popular this spring will be found here in the colors demanded by fashion. We will be pleased to show you.

Pacific Mill Crepes	18c and 25c
Imitation Allover Net Foulards	18c
Fine Batistes in excellent patterns	15c
A good lot of Batistes, Imitation Linen, etc.	10c
Special and Stylish Patterns in Tissues	25c
Rep in White and Tan	25c
White Mercerized Waistings	25c to 50c
Fine Satin Stripe Dimities, White and Tan	50c

Muslin Underwear

Very special values are now offered in our line of Sterling Muslin Underwear. These garments are all made of excellent material and trimmed with good embroidery and lace. You will be pleased with the line.

Corset Covers	25c to $1.00
Drawers	25c to $1.19
Gowns	49c to $2.75
Skirts	98c to $5.00
Union Garments, corset covers and drawers in one piece	$1.75, $2.00, $2.50

Parasols

New spring line including red, blue, green, brown and black in the different values.

Hosiery

Have just received the ox-blood and chocolate colors which have been so hard to get.

Petticoats

We have a full line of blues, browns, tans, etc., in silk and the cheaper petticoats.

Wrappers

Made-Rite wrappers will please you. They are excellently made of good percale and cut full.

Pay our Grocery Department a visit; you will find our stock all fresh and clean, and second to none so far as quality is concerned. All the time there is something to be found here priced very special, making it an object to you to call here.

The Wayne Herald

ADDITIONAL LOCAL NOTES.

Mrs. John Harrington is visiting at Boone, Iowa.

A. J. Ferguson and wife went to Sioux City this morning.

Mrs. H. B. Shook and children are visiting her parents at Hartington.

Jake Dornberger has the contract for the erection of new farm houses for Henry Klopping and John Paulsen.

Mrs. Alice Connelly and children, whom the county has been supporting for so long, went to Iowa last Friday, to remain, the county paying their car fare there.

The bacealaureate sermon is to be preached by Rev. C. J. Ringer this year at the Presbyterian church on the evening of May 23rd. It will be a union service.

The Baptist church will be moved from its present site the first of the week to the A. B. Clark lot just north of where it now stands, and work will be begun on the new edifice at once. The old building will be used until the new one is completed.

The Fun Making Seniors

Despite the threatening clouds last Tuesday evening there might have been seen the jolly seniors speeding on their way amid the clouds of dust to the home of Richard and Marguetite Forbes. After their arrival they first participated in a game of Pit, in which Chas. Nicholas showed the calmness and foresightedness of a second Patten. After many other games some fine music was rendered on the piano by Bessie Marstellar and others, followed by selections on the violin by Ben McEachen which lifted his auditors beyond the cares of this world. After indulging in a delicious repast games and music were indulged in until the wee hours of morning forced a loathful departure.

The Big Band CARNIVAL

Wayne, Neb., May 24-29

12---Big Paid Attractions---12

Ferris Wheel, Merry-Go-Round

Five--Big Free Acts Daily--Five

—The Great—

Sanger Shows

The Biggest and Best Carnival Company on the Road

John Lewis is adding a new porch and making other improvements about his home property, for the better.

The ladies of the Kindergarten Board will hold a food exchange in the grocery store of J. W. Epler next Saturday afternoon.

Some of our people are trying to exterminate the dandelion pest before it destroys their lawns. It seems like an almost hopeless task, especially unless all join in the movement as the seeds of this plant do not grow until they have been in the ground two years, and one seed pod will furnish enough for a lawn.

A Day of Cleansing

To arms, to arms, they come, they come, the bells rang loud and clear, and forth from every home there went a band of stalwart men with hoe and rake and fork and spade the alleys all to clear. The wives and mothers they stood by with smiles upon their face, and oftimes spoke a word of cheer to keep the men in the race. The bonfires burned right merrily, the ash man had his day, full many a load of refuse was by the draymen hauled away. And thus it was by might and main the fight was waged all day, and ere the night shades fell at last all filth had passed away.

And thus it was that last Saturday, according to the proclamation of our Mayor, and through the efforts of the Mothers' Club, our little city was the scene of a united effort to make the town as a whole present a more cleanly appearance and the result was gratifying in the extreme. At four o'clock in the afternoon Titania, in her flower bedecked chariot, and attended by her fairies, made a tour of inspection and found that her realm was indeed a pleasant one to rule over. Days of this kind are an aid in inciting a larger degree of cleanliness in any city or town, as the act is contagious and each one does not like to be behind his neighbor in the appearance of things about his home.

The Woman's Foreign Missionary Society of the M. E. church has just had issued from this office something new and unique in the calendar line, containing illustrations of the churches in Wayne and other features.

SLIPPERS AND OXFORDS

The time has come to put on those cool, easy oxfords, and we are ready to supply your wants. We have an elegant line of those rich, dark shades in

Tan Oxfords for Ladies

Nothing nicer or more stylish. They are up to the minute. Also OX-BLOOD and PATENT LEATHER prices range from $2 to $3.50. In

Children's and Misses Slippers

We have what you want, at prices, according to size, from 60c to $2.00. The smartest line of MEN'S OXFORDS ever shown at the prices. Genuine Welts in ox-blood, tan, patent and gun metal at $3 to $3.50.

Hose to Match all Our Shoes

Eggs Same as Cash — Standard Patterns

THE RACKET

L. A. CASE

DEALER IN

SAND AND GRAVEL

2½c a hundred on board cars at

Hartington, Nebr

NORMAL NOTES

Miss Theresa Dykeman of Omaha, enrolled Tuesday for the remainder of the year.

Mr. Frank Titus, a student here eight years ago, now with the Nye, Schneider Co., was a College caller one day last week.

Miss Helen Pile and Prof. Huntemer address the Mother's Club of Wayne today. They will both have much of interest to say.

The College Orchestra is a splendid musical organization. They will be an important feature of the social in charge of the male members of the faculty Saturday evening.

The severe wind-storm Monday took away part of the roof of the grand stand. The Athletic Club are making plans to move the stand back further and repair damages.

Mr. Gomer Jones has erceived notice of his election as principal of the Bellwood school for next year. Gomer's many friends will be glad to hear of his success.

Miss Mary Mahood has been reelected as teacher in the Bancroft schools. Miss Grace Neihardt will have charge of the 6th grade in the same school next year.

Deputy State Superintendent Perdue was here Thursday checking over the graduating classes. He expressed himself as having found everything highly satisfactory.

Miss Orva Stine will go to Chadron next year as eighth grade teacher. This will make four N. N. C. graduates as members of the staff of teachers at the Chadron schools.

Mr. Henry Raubach and wife of Creston, visited at the College over Sunday. Mr. Raubach has been elected superintendent of the South Sioux City schools at a salary of $1100. He will spend the summer in Wayne.

The mid-term examinations are being held this week. Next week will occur the state examinations. These examinations make an endless amount of work, but that is what we are here for.

Wanted, to Exchange

The following property for Northeast Nebraska land: Six-room dwelling, new, lot 50x165, bath, closets, etc., barn, water in house. One block from school, 3 blocks from Main street, 2 blocks from church. Free mail delivery. Renting for $15 per month. Price $1800.

Also 5-acre tract, (rented for beets this year at $20 per acre) one share of water included from Morgan ditch. Half mile of C., B. & Q. depot. Unincumbered. Price $1,000. Also homestead relinquishment 8 miles of Ft. Morgan, Colorado, taken under new law, 320 acres, coming under ditch soon. Would trade for land at $55 or equity. All this property located in Ft. Morgan and Morgan county, Colorado. Address owners, 707 Grant St., Ft. Morgan, Colorado.

Notice

The Wayne Fire Department will hold its annual meeting next Tuesday evening, May 18, at 8 o'clock, for the election of officers and considering applications for membership. All firemen are requested to be present. The general department alarm will be turned in, so let everyone take notice and be present. All applications must appear in writing. L. W. Roe, Chief.

West Point—The severe wind storms from which this section has suffered for the last five days have done great damage to fall plowing. Winter wheat has in many places been cut to the ground and occasionally blown out, roots and all. The ground, owing to the almost entire absence of rain for some time, is extremely loose and dry.

Band Concert

Following is the program of the open air band concert this evening:

1. March, The Boys of the Old Brigade ..... W. P. Chambers
2. Selection *from the Burgomaster* ..... W. H. Mackie
3. Waltzes, *Amaryllis* ..... *Chas. Rockwell*
4. Piccolo and Clarinet Duet, The Butterfly ..... Bendix
5. Medley Overture, Remick's *Hits No. 4* ..... Lampe
6. Overture, Evening Idyls ..... Barnhouse
7. March ..... Selected

Lee Buroker, Director.

Tributes to Mother

Mothers' Day is a pretty idea which has taken root in many parts of our country and seems destined to grow. It was Miss Anna Jarvis of 2,031 North 12th-st., Philadelphia, who suggested, two or three years ago, that the second Sunday in May be so designated, and that a white carnation be worn in honor of Mother. Its observance on Sunday detracts not at all from business, religious observance or pleasure. Let not the day pass without some kindly act or word for Mother or in her memory.

It was observed in Wayne last Sunday for the first time. White carnations were much in evidence and at several of the churches at the morning hour of worship the pastors preached sermons suitable for the occasion and paid glowing tributes to mother.

All I am or can be I owe to my angel Mother. —Abraham Lincoln

God could not be everywhere; therefore he made Mothers. Lew Wallace.

One tear of a Mother can blot out a thousand complaints against her. Alexander

A Mother's love the best love:
God's love the highest love. —German

Womanliness means only Motherhood.
All love begins and ends there.
—Robert Browning

Mother's love is ever in its spring
Mother's truth keeps constant youth.
From the French

For the hand that rocks the cradle rules the world. —William Walker

A kiss from my Mother made me a painter.
Benjamin West

O, you who have a mother dear,
Let not a word or act give pain;
But cherish, love her, with your life—
You ne'er can have her like again! —Anon

The Mother's love—there's none so pure,
So constant and so kind;
No human passion doth endure
Like this within the mind! Mrs. Hale

There is not a grand inspiring thought,
There is not a truth by wisdom taught
There is not a feeling pure and high
That may not be read in a Mother's eye.

Around the Court House

A. E. Littell's long continued and serious illness has interfered materially with the oversight of the schools in the county and his plans for the same. However his many friends are glad to know that he has been a little better than holding his own the past week. Since last Thursday the attendants have been able to get the fever somewhat under control and it has been a little lower each day than heretofore. They have not given up all hopes of his recovery and he still has a fighting chance.

County Assessor Witter says that most, if not all, of his deputies will get through with their work this week. A number of them have already finished. It will take him about ten days to finish up his work of tabulating the assessments and getting his books in shape to make his reports to the state officials.

There being no great rush of business in his office Judge Hunter locked up his court room Monday morning and hied away to Lincoln for two or three days to take a little outing and attend the session of the A. O. U. W. Grand Lodge from May 11 to 14.

There was certainly something doing in County Treasurer Beebe's office the past ten days. Over $30,000 in taxes was paid into the treasury last week, the largest amount in any one day being $7,000. That means that Chas. and his deputy had to use nimble fingers and minds in making out tax receipts.

County Clerk Reynolds says that for the first time in many years the Board of County Commissioners were able at their last session to wipe out all indebtedness in the general fund against the county. Every claim against the county was allowed and there was money in the treasury to pay the same except in the bridge fund, and it is expected that at the June meeting all debts against this fund will also be wiped out. He also says he is very glad of it as those who had old claims against the county and had not received their pay were beginning to duplicate their bills and it took constant watchfulness on his part to see that some claim was not paid twice.

It is said that "A little nonsense now and then is relished by the best of men." This is no doubt true and it is also a fact that a word of praise does not fall upon unwilling ears. The county commissioners of Wayne county are entitled to a just word of commendation for the financial condition of the county at this time. When the present board came into possession of their office they found nearly every fund overdrawn and a large floating debt hanging over the county. By a determined effort they were able to keep from issuing any interest bearing warrants against the county and have by economical methods and administration of affairs been able to reduce the indebtedness until today there is no claim against the county of a general nature but what has been allowed and the board expect to be able at its June meeting to wipe out the debt remaining against the bridge fund and then the county will be entirely free from any floating indebtedness. That will be a good state of affairs and for their painstaking, faithful labors the board should be commended.

Report of School District No. 40, Wayne county, for month ending April 30th, 1909. No. pupils enrolled 16. Those neither absent nor tardy during the month were James, Albert and Margaret Milliken; August, Minnie and Louise Wittler; Louie, Frieda and Fred Koch, Eva Glassmeyer, Frank Bruns, Henry Dongberg, Ida and Theodore Schultie.

Blanche Bell, Teacher.

The Anchor Grain Co. sells the best hard and soft coal. Phone 109.

Hoarseness, bronchitis and other throat troubles are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar as it soothes and heals the inflamed throat and bronchial tubes and the most obstinate cough disappears. Insist upon having the genuine Foley's Honey and Tar. Felber's Pharmacy.

Eastern Hunter News

Mr. Ed. Sandahl shipped hogs to Sioux City last Tuesday.

Mrs. R. A. Clark visited her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Aug. Samuelson, last week.

The young people's society of the Swedish Mission church at Wakefield, met at the home of Miss Esther Olson, Tuesday evening.

Miss Nettie Sandahl, of the N. N. C. spent Sunday at her home.

Mrs. Brummond, who has been very ill, is recovering.

Miss Grace Soderberg, who attends the N. N. C., was at home Sunday.

SHOLES NEWS

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Mr. P. D. W. Burnham was a passenger to Randolph Monday.

Mr. C. O. Oline was down to Wakefield Saturday, on business.

Miss Alice Jones returned from Omaha Friday, where she had an operation for appendicitis.

Miss Hazel Luckey, of Wayne, came up Monday to help Mrs. Beaton for a few days.

Mrs. H. W. Burnham and Ethel went to Omaha Tuesday.

Mrs. G. G. Clarke was down to Wayne Monday and purchased an incubator.

Want to be strong?

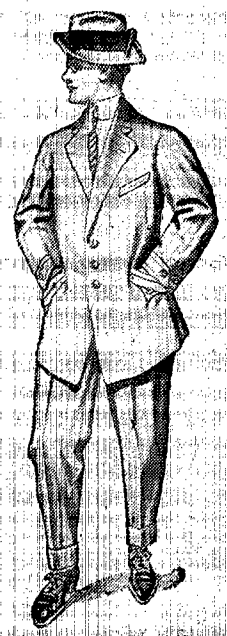
Eat more Quaker Oats. Eat it for breakfast every day. This advice is coming from all sides as a result of recent experiments on foods to determine which are the best for strength and endurance. It has been proved that eaters of Quaker Oats and such cereals are far superior in strength and endurance to those who rely upon the usual diet of heavy, greasy foods.

When all is said and done on the cereal food question, the fact remains that for economy and for results in health and strength, Quaker Oats stands first of all. It is the most popular food in the world among the foods sold in packages.

Put up in two sizes, the regular package and the large family size which is more convenient for those who do not live in town.

Sheldon's Stand Legal

By a unanimous decision of the supreme court, the right of former Governor Sheldon to appoint the four new judges added to the supreme court by the adoption of the constitutional amendment last fall was confirmed. Following the November election Gov. Sheldon, a republican, appointed three republicans and one democrat as judges. The legislature disputed his right to appoint, and empowered his successor, Gov. Shallenberger, to name four new judges. The court upholds the Sheldon appointees. The court holds that under the law regularly passed the state canvassing board was the only authorized place of receipt for election returns, and that while the law was not specific as to who should canvass the votes on the constitution amendment, that duty rests upon the state canvassing board.



Service, *not* price, establishes the *value* of a suit. It isn't the *start* of its wear, but the *finish*.

Ederheimer Stein Clothes are so *well* finished at the *start* that they finish well at the *end*. For *young* men The making is as *good* as the *fit*—that means *most* that *can* be said about *any* ready-to-wear clothes. Sold with a *guarantee* which *lasts* when the *clothes don't* last up to *expectation*.

KATZ'S ONE PRICE OUTFITTERS FOR MEN AND BOYS

Graves & Lamberson,

GRAIN & COAL

Best prices paid for Grain

Coal sold at Low Price.

We aim to please both buying and selling.

Graduating Presents

Moore's Non-Leakable Fountain Pens

make a nice gift for anyone that can write. The only fountain pen that IS ABSOLUTELY GUARANTEED NOT TO LEAK. We have just received an assortment of Moore's Non-Leakable Fountain Pens. Every pen is guaranteed. Use them a month on trial. Your money refunded if they do not work satisfactorily

Leahy's Drug Store

Phone 143..... ....J. T. Leahy

MAKING GOOD CAKE AND PIE

is an accomplishment that can be acquired by care and by using proper ingredients and utensils. The most successful cakes are baked in

IMPROVED PERFECTION TINS.

10 AND 15 CENTS.

15 AND 20 CENTS.

Handy Sifter and Strainer. Very handy article for sifting flour, straining gravy, soup, fruit, etc. It is strong and durable, and will wear. Sifts rapidly. 15c.

STEAM EGG POACHER.

POACHES by Steam.

It takes but a little to have your Kitchen Equipment up-to-date.

It takes but a minute and the eggs are neat, round and appetizing.—50c.

NEELY & GRAVEN

KATE'S

ONE PRICE OUTFITTERS FOR MEN AND BOYS.

Be particular.

The man who uses good judgment and exercises critical care in the selection of the clothes he wears is well repaid in results. His appearance is always pleasing for his clothes are always in good taste. Whether his judgment is good or not, if he will confine himself to KUPPENHEIMER clothes he is doubly sure that his selection will be good.

These clothes are designed to meet the demand for clothes of unusual quality, and are worn by the people who insist upon having garments of exceptional value.

You may not know what KUPPENHEIMER clothes offer you, you may never have investigated. You're really doing yourself an injustice if you do not see the spring models. Other people are wearing them in preference to high priced, tailor-made clothes and are doing so because they find them more satisfactory.

We guarantee every suit we sell. Guarantee that it will please you. Money back whenever you feel that you are entitled to it. That's the only way we sell them.

Talk to a man who wears them.

Prices $17.50 to $27.50.

Little Locals

Dr. Lutgen, Physician and Surgeon. Phone 30.

Dr. Williams was at Carroll Monday.

Howard Whalen was a brief caller at Norfolk Tuesday.

The joist for the first floor of the Henney block are in place.

For good Millet, Cane, Rape and Alfalfa Seed see Voget.

The second story of the new school house is nearing completion.

Have you tried those new kind of Sundaes at Howard Whalen's?

Mrs. P. H. Bellows returned from her visit in Iowa Saturday.

Try the Anchor Grain Co. for hard and soft coal. Phone 109. 35

Mrs. J. J. Williams was a passenger for Wakefield Tuesday morning.

Whalen is the man who puts up the best of ice cream. Try him.

A. B. Clark came home Saturday morning from a trip to Omaha.

Get your lawn mower sharpened at the Novelty Repair Shop.

For cheap insurance and bargains in real estate see W. F. Assenheimer Altona, Neb.

Forty-two cases of eggs were shipped by two of our dealers Saturday afternoon.

Say, the place to get the best ice cream, Sundaes, or anything in that line is at Whalen's.

A number of new members were initiated in the Eastern Star Lodge Monday evening.

Mrs. J. T. Bressler and daughter were passengers for Sioux City Tuesday morning.

Lowe Brothers High Standard Liquid Paint and the best grade of Varnishes at Voget's.

"I suffered habitually from constipation. Doan's Regulets relieved and strengthened the bowels, so that they have been regular ever since."—A. E. Davis, grocer, Sulphur Springs, Texas.

According to information received here by the relatives of Al. Furchner, the baseball pitcher, it is quite evident that he will do no ball playing this year, if he ever does again, as he does not regain his health since the operation as it was anticipated he would do. He is now in Colorado.

Alfalfa, Clover and Timothy seed at The Feed Mill.

Alfalfa, Clover and Timothy seed at The Feed Mill.

Attorney Davis was a passenger for Ponca Monday morning, on legal business bent.

Jake Roush has put a new shingle roof on his residence and is making other improvements.

The best seeds, the best paint, the best stoves and ranges, the best of everything, at Voget's.

The Farmers Mutual Insurance Co. writes insurance on horses up to $150. See W. F. Assenheimer.

For Sale—S. C. Buff Orpington Eggs, by the setting or 100.
Fred Lessman, Wakefield Nebr.

Whalen never put up a finer line of Sundaes than he is making this year, and that is saying a good deal.

The Presbyterian Missionary Society held its regular meeting Thursday afternoon with Mrs. Davis.

E. E. Phipps, north of town, has been very seriously ill for the past three weeks but is slowly recovering.

Wood Pumps, Iron Pumps and Cylinders, Pipes and Fittings, Garden, Steam and Suction Hose at Voget's.

The Women's Foreign Missionary society of the M. E. church will meet at the parsonage Friday afternoon.

Tuesday afternoon the Minerva Club went out to Mrs. Miner's in an automobile and spent several hours very agreeably.

Editor Closson, of the Carroll Index, was an agreeable caller Saturday afternoon and chatted for a half hour or so.

Oliver E. Graves and son spent Sunday with his father and mother at Norfolk. Of course the visit was mutually agreeable to all.

For Sale—Ten good improved farms from 160 acres upward, at $55 per acre and up, by the owner, A. B. Clark, Wayne, Nebraska.

The lowest prices on Lawn Mowers, Screen Doors, Screenwire, Poultry Netting, Lawn and Field Fence at Voget's.

Soothes itching skin. Heals cuts or burns without a scar. Cures piles, eczema, salt rheum, any itching. Doan's Ointment. Your druggist sells it.

Charley Kate went to Sioux City Wednesday morning, for the day.

Mrs. E. J. Raymond was a Sioux City passenger Wednesday morning.

Lost—A pair of glasses in case. *Finder return to J. W. Epler's store* and receive reward.

Mrs. Chance and daughter returned to Sioux City Monday afternoon.

The Presbyterian Ladies Aid Society spent a social afternoon Wednesday at Mrs. Woodard Jones, being entertained by five of the members.

There was another hard freeze Sunday night. Ice was formed nearly half an inch thick. It looks as though the chances for a fruit crop were pretty slim.

Charley Chace, who many years ago was a resident of Wayne, now living at Stanton, came up Monday afternoon for a visit with his brother and old time friends.

A woman will pet her house plants all winter and take pride in them, and then the first warm days that come in the spring will set them out of doors and let them freeze to death. Queer, isn't it?

The housewife who is able to keep her home in the best of condition the weather we have been having this spring must be a dustless angel, or the wonder of the ages.

Some of the farmers are planting corn. There is a good deal of plowing yet to be done. It looks almost foolish to plant corn when it continues to freeze every night.

E. C. Tweed, Bert Brown and I. W. Alter were attending the session of the A. O. U. W. Grand Lodge at Lincoln the first of the week, being delegates from the local lodge.

If you are wanting something in the way of ice cream, Sundaes, or any dainty dish for supper, or some fine bread or pastry, see Whalen. He is the man who makes the best.

C. E. Sprague returned Tuesday morning from a visit with his brother at Sheldon, Iowa. He reported the weather in that part of the Hawkeye state much the same as here.

Mr. Sebald, who has been confined to the house for about four months, was able to get out Monday for the first time, but was still very feeble and could hardly go, but he thought a little fresh air would do him good.

Why woman, the very highest and most beautiful type of God's creation, should, a good deal of the time, make herself hideous by the style of dressing her hair and the headgear she wears, is past the comprehension of most men.

The managers of the Nebraska State fair are offering prices for the best acre of corn grown by a boy under eighteen years of age. Names to be sent to W. R. Mellor, Secretary, Lincoln, before May 20th, who will advise you of conditions.

Sunrise prayer meeting. Did you ever attend one? If not, next Sunday morning, Epworth League anniversary day at the M. E. church, you can do so. Get up once before sunrise and offer praise and thanksgiving for all the mercies and blessings of life. It will do you good.

Miss Pearl Sewell has been elected to a position in the Norfolk schools and her sister Ammosett is to have the position left vacant by her in the Carroll school for next year. These young ladies are among the best teachers in the county and their appointment is gratifying to their many friends.

The Nebraska State Fair Stake Races close on May 15th, and consist of a 2:35, 2:21 and 2:15 Trot and a 2:30, 2:22 and 2:14 Pace, each for a purse of $1000, and three-year-old Trot and three-year-old Pace, each for purses of $500. Entry fee 3 per cent, 1 per cent to accompany nomination. Send your entry to W. R. Mellor, Secretary, Lincoln.

Wm. Piepenstock, having a little spare time at his harness shop, spent the fore part of the week in a sort of housecleaning stunt. Say, everything is so clean there that it fairly shines. Cleanliness may not be next to godliness, but it certainly adds to the appearance of even a harness shop. Dirt does not improve the appearance or wearing quality of leather goods and Mr. Piepenstock believes in having everything clean.

$1000.00

Given for any substance injurious to health found in food resulting from the use of

Calumet Baking Powder

OIL MEAL

Carload just received at the Wayne Roller Mills.

WEBER BROS.

Editor Garwood, wife and baby, of Hoskins, were over Sunday visitors with Wayne relatives.

John Berry, wife and baby came from Sioux City Saturday morning for a visit with his brother, F. A. *Berry and wife.*

Wayne is getting quite citified. We have the daylight saloon law in force and now its banks close their *doors at 4:30 each afternoon.*

J. M. Cherry came home Saturday morning from his trip to Scotts Bluff county and said that he found things very satisfactory out that way.

The annual meeting and smoker of the Commercial Club will be held next Tuesday evening, the 18th, in the Woodman Hall. Invitations will be sent out.

You will enjoy the three days fun the last of this month when the carnival comes to town under the auspices of the Commercial Club Band. Watch for the dates.

Say, you ought to have seen postmaster McNeal spading up his garden this morning. The speed with which he was doing it shows that he can do something besides sling mail.

Clyde Reynolds and wife, who had been visiting at the Chas. Reynolds and Chas. Beebe homes in Wayne, returned to Fullerton, Nebraska, Saturday morning, where they reside.

A good thing. It is some ways off but everyone should help shove it along. The Commercial Club are already planning to have a corn show in Wayne next fall. Will have more to say about it as the plans develop.

A card from Mrs. Mary E. Jones, who has been spending the winter in California, asks us to send the next number of her Herald to Wayne, as she soon expects to start for home. Her relatives and friends will be pleased to greet her again, and to know that good health and happiness has been her portion while absent.

Next Sunday will be Rally Day at the Baptist church as this will, perhaps, be the last meeting in the old church on the present foundation, the contract being let to Mr. Wright to move the building to the A. B. Clark lot, so all the members and friends are urged to be present. In the evening Prof. Davies and choir will have charge of the service and give another evening's entertainment. These entertainments are attracting large crowds and if you wish to spend a Sunday evening with us come early to get a seat.

PROGRAM

For Epworth League Anniversary Day, Given at M. E. Church, Sunday Evening, May 16

Voluntary
Hymn
Invocation
Scripture Reading
Cornet Solo — Mr. Lee Buroker
Anthem — Choir
Announcements and Offering
Address, "Our Colors and Motto—Their Meaning" — Prof. C. H. Bright
Vocal Duet — Helen Main, Izeta Johnson
Violin Solo — Mr. Arthur Johnson
Address, "Purpose and Achievements" — Rev. Kirkpatrick
Vocal Duet — Bessie Crockett, Luverne Garwood
Vocal Solo — Willis Fleetwood
Hymn

We are receiving lots of copy paper from the Alaska-Yukon Pacific Exposition.

Dr. E. A. Miner returned to Independence, Kansas, Monday, after spending a week with W. O. Miner and other relatives.

Mrs. D. Macklin returned to Glidden, Iowa, Saturday, after spending a few days with her brother, W. O. Miner, who is in very poor health.

Manufacturers of wind mills are certainly reaping a harvest this season, so it is an ill wind that blows no one any good. The severe wind last week wrecked a good many mills in this part of the state.

The designer of the bushel basket hats enclosed by thick veils worn by the women this year, must have been something of a prophet. They are certainly adapted to the kind of weather we have been having.

The foundation for F. G. Philleo's fine new residence is well under way.

It would be a good thing if this part of Nebraska could get some of the rains that Iowa is getting this year.

The winners of the prizes at the Lyric were John Nichols 1st, Frank Stodden 2nd, Miss C. W. Wilson 3rd, and H. B. Hutchins 4th.

The railways do not need to use any sand in their engines this year. The strong wind every day keeps the tracks and everything else well sanded.

The Wayne Roller Mills will pay two cents per bushel above the market price for good milling wheat. WEBER BROS.

The Emil Weber residence for sale; or will trade it for a smaller house or good Wayne county land. EMIL WEBER

Ben Elliot and Dr. Heckert took in the sights at Sioux City Wednesday. Perhaps the opening game of the Sioux City baseball club was the attraction.

Mrs. David Elson, and a niece from Dewitt, Nebraska, who is visiting at their home, went to Winside Wednesday forenoon to visit with Mrs. Elson's daughter.

G. P. Hitchcock and wife have gone to housekeeping again in Wayne, and a little later will build a home of their own on some lots they have a clear title to on Main street west of the college.

Our last week's market report showed wheat as being worth $1.11 per bushel. On the same day the Laurel market was $1.13 and the Wakefield market $1.14. These things ought not so to be. It would seem that grain should be as much here as elsewhere.

D. G. Crinklaw, who has been telegraph operator here for a couple of months has been promoted to station agent at Magnet, and is succeeded here temporarily by Wm. Bouye, formerly agent at Hoskins. The man who has been at Magnet takes the station at Carroll.

Just a little rain makes all the difference in the world in the appearance of things. Wednesday morning wrs about the nicest of all the season, following a few showers during Tuesday night. Every one was pleased with it and the dust and dirt was off the grass and trees for a short time at least.

"Backward, turn backward, oh time in your flight, make me a boy again, just for one night." While time would not turn backward nor stop its revolving wheels, it did permit F. H. Jones to revisit the scenes of his boyhood and in imagination, at least, be a boy again for almost one month. He returned Saturday from nearly a four weeks stay amid scenes in his early life in Massachusetts, and reports a most enjoyable time all the days he was there.

Miss Mary Lundine, aged twenty-two years, who had been a nurse at one of the hospitals in Sioux City several years, died there on the 10th from an attack of pneumonia. She was a sister of A. J. Lundine, of Wayne, and having no near relatives in Sioux City, the remains were brought here for burial and laid at rest in the family lot in Greenwood cemetery after the arrival of the train from the east Tuesday evening, Rev. C. J. Ringer performing the burial services at the grave.

At the regular meeting of the R. N. A., there were two candidates initiated and instructed in the mysteries of the order. After the session a May Social was held which had been prepared and arranged by Neighbors Schroer and Madden. Neat cards with a tiny pencil attached, and the definiionts of fifteen flowers written on one side, and space for the answers on the other, were passed round; ten minutes was then given to guess the names of the flowers. An angel-food cake, beautifully decorated with flowers, was carried off as first prize by Neighbor Foster, for guessing the largest number. Miss Emma Missen, one of the candidates, won booby prize, a lovely little May basket filled with cut flowers. All expressed an enjoyable evening.

One who was there.

Boys' Express Wagons and Coasters

We have just received a large shipment of boys' wagons in the iron box express wagons and the heavy coaster wagons, and can now show you the most complete line of boys' wagons in Wayne. Prices range from $1 to $5. There is nothing that a small boy gets more pleasure out of than a wagon.

Sporting Goods

We have a full line of sporting goods: Croquet sets, base ball goods, fishing tackle, etc. Come in and get our prices on any of the above goods, and see how much cheaper we are than elsewhere.

J. E. HUFFORD

Edison Phonographs and Records — New 1909 Hammocks

With Our Advertisers

Each recurring week brings something in the way of advertising. It will always pay you to look over the advertising columns to see where you can trade to the best advantage. Look these up:

Weber Bros. talk about the merits of their Superlative flour.

L. A. Case, of Hartington, calls attention to his sand and gravel.

The Great Sanger Shows, the Band boys' attraction, tells of what they have:

Leahy's Drug Store has a timely subject, that of graduating presents, and speaks of fountain pens.

Raymond, the druggist, has something to say about interior paints, of which he carries a fine line.

J. H. Kate, of course, talks about clothes. That is his hobby. Good ones too, the Kuppenheimer brand, than which there are none better.

J. E. Hufford tells our readers about express wagons, coasters and sporting goods. This is the season of the year when such things come into use.

Orr Morris Co., who always represent quality, offer an extra special in sidebands print, summer dress fabrics and muslin underwear, and also call attention to other lines.

Miller & Jones call attention to something free, also a special for Saturday on summer wash goods, and spring and summer suits. Their line is attractive at all times.

S. R. Theobald & Co. call attention to their large and varied line of Oxfords and other summer shoes, but this is not the only line they carry by any means. You will find many things while you are there, and all of the best.

Down York way the candidates for county offices already have their announcements in the papers. We do not hear even a sound up this way.

W. O. Gamble, who had been in the wild and wooly west for a month, came home last Thursday. He promises to be good and stay at home for awhile.

W. F. Wright, who was arrested for assault on Mrs. Alice Conley appeared before Judge Hunter Saturday morning and was found guilty as charged. He took an appeal to the District Court.

Those school prizes in the window of Dan Harrington's store have attracted no little attention on the part of the boys and girls the past week. The essays have all been handed in to the committee and the most of them have been passed upon but it was found impossible to get through with all of them in time for a report this week, but it will be given out next week.

It is said that "necessity is the mother of invention." It is also the moving power of a great many things. The school board felt called upon last week to sell the old school building for $550 because it was the best bid they could get for it, while at the same time there is some $6000 worth of lumber in the structure. Jake Ziegler was the purchaser and his contract calls for its removal within thirty days from June 1.

The ladies of the Baptist church met on Monday afternoon and organized themselves into a society, known as The Ladies Union of the First Baptist Church, with officers as follows: Mrs. Dr. Naffziger, President; Mrs. O. A. King 1st Vice-president; Mrs. M. Munsinger, 2nd Vice-president; Mrs. John Larisen, Secretary; Mrs. C. E. Sprague, Ass't Secretary, and Mrs. I. W. Alter, Treasurer. The society will meet in the first regular meeting on next Thursday, May 20, at 2 P. M. at the home of Mrs. Alter.

The advent of better weather brings all sorts of people, selling all sorts of things on various pretexts. There has been the woman walking on one crutch, whose husband was blown up in a mine explosion, selling collar and cuff buttons; a deaf and dumb girl selling soap, a deaf and dumb boy begging and yesterday a man who was on his way to Rochester, Minnesota, to have his leg amputated, selling shoe-strings at 5 cents per pair. Of course the charitably inclined help them all along their way.

Before you buy a Gasoline Stove see the Columbia Vapor Stoves at Voget's.

Minnesota Bonton and Superlative Flour. *Let me make you prices* on 300, 500 or 1000 lbs lots. Every sack Guaranteed.
Wayne Feed Mill.

If you desire a clear complexion take Foley's Orino Laxative for constipation and liver trouble as it will stimulate these organs and thoroughly cleanse your system, which is what everyone needs in the spring in order to feel well. Felber's Pharmacy.

LOST

Masonic watch charm. Will finder please return to A. R. Davis.

Timothy, Clover and Alfalfa Seed at the Wayne feed mill out of ten samples I bought, the best seed I could get. Come in and see before you buy your seeds.
Ed Sellers

FOR SALE

I have eight acres of land in the northeast part of Wayne that I wish to sell. House, barn and two or three acres of fruit. Inquire of Ferguson & Cherry. Price $5500.
12tf S. SCOTT.

A Small or Large Bag

of a fine grain, white nutritious flour, is sold as our brand. Have you ever tried it? Get your grocer to give you our kind next time and see

The Superior Baking Qualities

that Superlative Flour possesses. Better and more wholesome, because of a secret process we put the wheat through. Don't forget.

WEBER BROS.

Central Meat Market

Phone 67.

For fresh and cured meats. We carry nothing but the best and everything is kept neat and clean. Your order will be promptly filled.

Hanssen Bros.

Wayne, Neb.

INSURANCE

Fire, Lightning and Tornado Insurance. The best is the cheapest. I have eight of the very best companies.

Phoenix of Brooklyn
Continental of New York
Security of New Haven
German American of New York
Sun Insurance Co. of London
North British & Merchantile
Nebr. Underwriters of Omaha
Farmers Mutual of Lincoln

I will write your insurance at the very lowest rates.
Grant S. Mears

When you want

Anything in the harness line, be sure and see our goods. The largest stock of harness in northern Nebraska. High grade quality, reasonable prices.

Wm. Piepenstock

LYRIC

Four cash prizes given away May 6th. Coupon tickets now being given

CHANGE OF PROGRAM THREE TIMES A WEEK

1000 Feet Fine Pictures

Finest of Films

Illustrated Songs

PRICES

Adults 10 cts, Children 5 cts

ALWAYS THE SAME

H. P. BELLOWS, PROP

Free!

With each can of Rosebud Baking Powder, one

Big Enameled Granite Ware Dish.....

Miller & Jones

Specials!

Saturday only, a big lot of

Summer Wash Goods

Regular price, 10 cents, sale price

6c per yard

Miller & Jones

Spring!

Spring and Summer Suits

This is a new department with us and we have no old-style suits to offer, nothing but new, up-to-date clothing, and at such low prices that it will surprise you. We don't have to get the profits the exclusive stores do, as this is only one of our many departments.

Miller & Jones

The Wayne Herald

WAYNE, NEB.

By Herald Publishing Co.
A. E. WOODRUFF. - - - Editor.

BURSTS AS IT LANDS

FORT OMAHA BALLOON DROPS NEAR JACKSON, NEB.

Capt. Chandler and Lieut. Ware Say Trip Was Made in About Seven Hours Much Accomplished as an Experiment with Big Gas Bag.

After making a successful flight of nearly seven hours' duration in which time the big gas bag drifted from the government post at Omaha to Jackson, Neb., army balloon No. 12, manned by Capt. Claude De Forest Chandler and Lieut. James E. Ware, exploded just as a landing was made Sunday night.

Neither of the two army officers was injured seriously, although Lieut. Ware received a small gash above one eye which bled profusely. The big balloon caught fire from the explosion and burned to a crisp.

Fort Omaha is one of the best equipped of the western army stations for balloon maneuvers, and the fact that the big bag Sunday covered a distance of over 100 miles in about seven hours is an indication that the army balloonists are acquiring more skill.

Lieut. Ware declared that aside from the destruction of the gas bag the flight was an entire success. Capt. Chandler believes that while at a high altitude the gas bag became charged with static electricity and that on reaching the ground the contact with the earth caused an arc to form, thus producing an electric spark which set fire to the balloon.

The ascension was made from Fort Omaha at 11:15 Sunday and was supervised by Capt. Chandler, assisted by a detachment of trained signal corps men. The balloon started northwest as soon as it was well into the air and soon crossed the Missouri river. It followed the general course of the river for nearly 100 miles, the flight following an east-northwesterly direction. The highest altitude reached was 4,400 feet, shortly after the balloon left the earth. A fair breeze carried the bag at a 30-mile gait the first hour, when the wind died down and the balloon becalmed for an hour and a half. The wind then sprung up and carried the big bag at a rapid rate to the northwest. A message was dropped at Tekamah, Neb., but was not picked up. Running out of ballast in the vicinity of Jackson, Capt. Chandler decided to make a landing. The balloon came down in an open field in an easy manner, but just as it reached the earth the explosion occurred.

LINER BREAKS RECORD.

The Mauretania Makes Fast Time Across Atlantic.

The Cunard liner steamer Mauretania arrived off Daunts rock, Queenstown, Monday morning, having beaten her own precious record and all other eastward records by 24 minutes. She would have done still better had she not been delayed by fog off Fastenet.

The liner's time from the Ambrose lightship to Daunts rock was 4 days, 18 hours and 11 minutes. She covered the entire distance, 2,935 knots, at an average speed of 25.70 knots an hour. The best previous average speed eastward was 25.61. From Thursday noon until Sunday noon the steamer plowed along at the rate of 26.3 knots an hour, constituting a record for three days. In this time she made also a record for a single days' run eastward, 610 knots, as against 609. She made this distance between Friday noon and Saturday noon.

The daily runs were 588, 605, 610, 600 and 532.

American Still in Jail.

Harold Sanborn, the young Chicagoan now in a Mexican prison as the result of a riot on the Sanborn plantation near Vera Cruz, in which six Mexicans were killed, is exonerated of any blame in a detailed story of the riots received. Sanborn is still in jail, however.

Drown in the Chippewa.

George Hall, aged 21; L. H. Sweet, aged 45, and Sweet's wife and four children were drowned in the Chippewa river at Eau Claire, Wis., Saturday night when Hall's gasoline launch capsized in midstream upon striking some sunken piling. Nobody saw the launch capsize.

Sioux City Live Stock Market.

Monday's quotations on the Sioux City live stock market follow: Top beeves, $6.50. Top hogs, $7.05.

Brokerage Firm Goes to Wall.

The American Stock and Grain company, of St. Louis, Mo., a brokerage concern, capitalized at $50,000, made an assignment Monday. Harry Ruggles, the assignee, announced that property valued at $6,898 had been turned over to him. No statement of liabilities was issued, nor was the cause of the company's action made known.

Dynamite in Stove.

The explosion of a stick of dynamite carelessly or maliciously placed in a stove caused the death of two men and serious injury to three others Monday at the Peterman coal mine, near Fredericksburg, O. There has been no trouble at the Peterman mine.

Mrs. Dalzell Dies.

Mrs. Mary L. Dalzell, wife of Representative Dalzell, of Pennsylvania, died in Washington, D. C., Monday night after a long illness.

NINE PEOPLE DROWN.

Outing Party Meet Death in Susquehanna River.

Six men, a woman and two children were drowned Sunday afternoon in the Susquehanna river near Wilkesbarre, Pa., by the capsizing of a rowboat in which they had started for an outing. The dead are: Thomas Andrews, William Andrews, Theodore Andrews, Frank Marionsky, Adam Strukes, Frank Ganofsky, his wife and two boys, John and Michael.

The nine persons had started out for boat ride in the small craft. While they remained close to the shore all went well, but as the boat drifted in the swift current it began to dip water. The occupants of the boat became panic stricken and called frantically for assistance. Some boys at play on the bank of the river heard the screams for help, but before a boat could be secured the rowboat in midstream had filled with water and sank. None of the occupants could swim, and they were swept down the river to their death by the rushing current.

None of the bodies have been recovered.

One of the boys who witnessed the tragedy said the man who was rowing seemed to dip his oars too deep. This caused the water to splash over the side of the boat. The woman, in order to avoid the water, started to move toward the stern of the craft. The shifting of the seat caused the boat to rapidly fill and in a few minutes all were floundering. The two boys grabbed the clothing of their mother as the boat toppled over and the three disappeared almost instantly. The police are dragging the river, but it is the belief that the bodies have been carried far down stream.

There was no sign of the craft on the river in the vicinity of the boat when the accident occurred.

TRY TO WRECK 9 BRIDGE.

Exploding Dynamite Cracks Pier of Cincinnati Structure.

With a shock that aroused sleepers for blocks around in the vicinity of Eighth and Budd streets, shortly after midnight Monday morning, two dynamite explosions damaged piers of the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific railroad at Cincinnati, O.

Shortly after the explosion an investigation was made and it was then thought no damage had been done, but a further inspection of the piers disclosed that one of them was badly cracked. No official estimate of the damage was given out. Two fuses had been stretched between the two piers, timed so as to go off simultaneously. The police believe the explosion was caused by someone having a grudge against the contracting firm.

$50,000 INSURANCE RISK.

Stanley Robison Takes Out a Policy on Catcher Bresnahan.

Stanley Robison, owner of the St. Louis National league ball club, has taken out a $50,000 insurance policy on his manager and leading catcher, Roger Bresnahan. The policy runs for five years and the annual premium is $1,300. Bresnahan cost Robison four good players valued at $50,000 when he was bought from the New York National league team. He is under a three-year contract to play for $25,000. This makes Robison's investment $75,000 in Bresnahan.

Bresnahan is known as a daring player and has been injured often. Two big agencies refused to take the risk because of Bresnahan's chances of being injured behind the bat.

BLACK HAND DEPREDATIONS.

Three Bombs Exploded in Chicago Home, but None is Hurt.

Another alleged "black hand" outrage was perpetrated Sunday when three bombs were exploded in quick succession in the home of Dominick Pecoraro, of Chicago. The outrage followed closely upon the death of Mariano Zagone Saturday as the result of an alleged "black hand" shooting.

For the past three months Pecoraro, who is reputed to be wealthy, has received letters from the "black hand" threatening him with death unless he complied with demands for money.

Edict by Prince Chun.

The regent, Prince Chun, who since the dismissal of Yuan Shi Kai has been collecting lists of officials who were dismissed previous to his taking office, has issued an edict rehabilitating the reputations and rewarding the families of five officials of the late dowager empress who were beheaded for opposing the boxers.

Town Wiped Out.

The town of Tobin, ten miles northeast of El Paso, Tex., was practically destroyed by fire Monday morning. Two buildings in which were housed the equipment of the interurban to El Paso and the work shops were among the buildings destroyed. One locomotive and three cars were destroyed.

Negotiations Broken Off.

The Portugese government having decided that the present time is inopportune, has broken off the negotiations with Don Miguel, the pretender to the throne, concerning his return to Portugal.

Monument to Verne Dedicated.

A monument to Jules Verne was dedicated at Amiens, France, Sunday. The great French novelist died at Amiens March 24, 1905.

Judge Penfield Dead.

Judge William Penfield, former solicitor of the department of state and an authority on international law, died Sunday. His death was due to heart and stomach trouble. Judge Penfield was 63 years old and a native of Dover, Mich. He was formerly a judge of the circuit court in Indiana.

Southern Authoress Dead.

Mrs. Augusta Evans, the well known southern authoress, died at Mobile, Ala., Sunday from an attack of heart failure.

TRIAL OF MRS. BOYLE.

Evidence Not Taken in Behalf of Abductor.

Relying entirely upon their contention that the Pennsylvania courts have no jurisdiction in her case, counsel for Mrs. James Boyle, charged with aiding and abetting the kidnaping of "Billy" Whitla, Friday refused to offer any evidence in her behalf. The claim of the prosecution that Mrs. Boyle participated in Pennsylvania in a conspiracy to kidnap the boy will be combatted by the defense, which will endeavor to have her turned over to the authorities at Cleveland.

The state's testimony was mainly the same as that given Thursday in the trial of James Boyle, but some additional witnesses testified about the connection of Mrs. Boyle with the abduction.

One of the Cleveland policemen testified that she said when arrested: "I am the frail little woman who planned the whole thing."

The finding of the ransom money secreted in her clothing also was testified to. The woman proprietor of the Granager apartments in Cleveland identified Boyle and Mrs. Boyle as the couple who rented an apartment from her under the name of Walter.

Throughout the proceedings Friday Boyle and his wife apparently desired to bring out the name of another party said to have been connected with the case. Boyle at one time said:

"I want to tell the whole truth about this case now. I want the whole thing cleared up. The whole blame was on someone else."

Friday night in her cell Mrs. Boyle said:

"Both Jimmy and myself have tried to tell the whole story. We have not been permitted to do so. It is not justice. Everything should be heard and thrashed out. As for myself, I will commit suicide before I will go to the penitentiary."

Great public interest is manifested over the question whether the Boyles will be allowed to state what is on their minds before the end of the trial. As the testimony has been closed, the only chance Boyle will have will be when called upon to say why sentence should not be pronounced. If Mrs. Boyle should be acquitted she probably would not care to bring anyone else into the case.

WOULD AMEND COMMERCE ACT.

Bailey Would Change Law to Cover More Cases.

Close upon the decision of the supreme court of the United States in the commodities clause case, Senator Bailey Thursday introduced a bill amending the interstate commerce act so as to apply the provisions of the commodities clause to any corporation or joint stock company which owns or controls directly or indirectly such subsidiary corporations.

In presenting it Senator Bailey said he had not read the opinion of the court in this case, but he had read enough to see that it "sustained the principles upon which the commodities clause was based" and the decision showed that the act did not cover all those case that he knew the author intended it to cover.

Manager of Paper Convicted.

Fred D. Warren, business manager of the Appeal to Reason, a socialist publication, charged by the government with sending scurrilous and defamatory matter through the mails, was Thursday afternoon found guilty by a jury in the federal court at Fort Scott, Kan.

Balcony Gives Way.

Thirty persons were injured, many seriously, when a section of the balcony railing at the new state armory at Seattle, Wash., gave way during the indoor track meet of the Seattle Athletic club Thursday night. Many spectators were thrown headforemost to the floor fifteen feet below.

Sherring Turns Professional.

William Sherring, winner of the marathon at Athens in 1906, has turned professional and will run in the Montreal marathon May 24. The inducement offered is $1,500, win or lose, with terms for another race within a month.

Judge Named by Taft.

President Taft Thursday sent to the senate the nomination of United States District Judge William L. Lanning, of Trenton, N. J., to be United States circuit judge for the Third judicial circuit vice George M. Dallas, of Philadelphia, retired.

Drinks Carbolic Acid.

Canon Arthur W. Beherens, aged 35 years, chaplain of St. Alban's school for boys at Galesburg, Ill., committed suicide Thursday by drinking carbolic acid. He had been in poor health and was in constant fear of insanity or paralysis.

Wilson in Chicago.

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson is in Chicago and has begun conferences with the government meat inspectors from all sections of the country. They will discuss conditions in the packing houses.

Opposes Fusion of Races.

Dr. Leon Harrison, of Temple Isreal, St. Louis, stoutly opposed the intermarriage of Jews and Christians in a sermon Sunday at the free synagogue in New York City. Fusion, he said, would only result in confusion, while intermarriage would simply mean, not that the majority would be drawn to Israel, but that we of Israel would be overwhelmingly merged and lost in Christendom."

$50,000 Fire in Nevada.

Fire started by an explosion at Pioneer, Nev., Friday burned twenty-five business buildings. There was no water with which to fight the fire, and it was allowed to burn itself out. The damage is estimated at $50,000.

Two Years for Murder.

Michael J. McNamara, of St. Louis, Mo., a former policeman, who killed his wife in April, 1906, was found guilty of fourth degree murder and sentenced to two years' imprisonment Friday.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP

Washington has been given to understand that President Taft desires to make a record-breaking trip during the present year, provided Congress sees its way clear to appropriating the annual $25,000 for the traveling expenses of the executive. Leaders in both Senate and House are known to favor such a measure now, and so the prospects are good for such a journey. The President expects to start across the continent by the Northern route to Seattle, stopping at the larger cities, and there sail to Alaska by the inside route. From Valdez he will return to San Francisco and thence back East by the Southern route. While in Seattle he will attend the Alaska-Yukon Exposition. There is some talk in Congress of providing for the purchase and equipment of a complete special train for the use of the executive.

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In the rotunda of the capitol Wednesday, exercises incidental to the reinterment of the remains of Maj. L'Enfant in Arlington cemetery were held, with President Taft, Vice-President Sherman and many high Federal and District of Columbia officials taking part. The Vice-President made the principal address. The body, which hitherto had been buried in the graveyard of a Maryland farm, lay in state during the exercises. L'Enfant was the French engineer who helped Washington to lay out the national capitol. Ambassador Jusserand also paid a glowing tribute to the memory of his countryman.

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President Taft has notified Congress that in the Venezuelan cases arrangements were made for the settlement of the Jaulrett claim and that of the New York and Bermudez Company out of court, while the claims to go to arbitration are those of the Orinoco corporation, the Orinoco Steamship Company and that of the United States and Venezuela Company. Specific provision is made, however, that Venezuela, with the consent of the United States, may reach an amicable settlement within five months with either the Orinoco corporation or the United States and Venezuela Company.

-:—:-

Secretary of Agriculture Wilson has issued a bulletin containing the opinion of Attorney General Wickersham affirming the legality of the Referee Board of Experts, headed by Prof. Ira Remsen of Johns Hopkins, which was appointed by President Roosevelt to review the opinions and rulings of Chief Chemist Wiley. This establishes this board as the supreme authority in the execution of the food and drug act.

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The dispute over the question of responsibility and authority in the conduct of the next census, which for several days had threatened either the dismissal of Director North or the retirement of Secretary Nagel, appears to have been settled amicably after several conferences with the President. Mr. North disclaimed any intention or desire to usurp authority over matters properly belonging to the Secretary.

-:—:-

The seizure of the American schooner Charles Levi Woodbury for alleged poaching will have a tendency to hasten the reaching of a definite understanding between the American and British Governments as to their attitude toward Hecate straits, which the Canadians desire shall be regarded a "closed sea" and the right of fishing therein denied to Americans.

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A resolution introduced in Congress by Representative Helm of Kentucky provides that whenever a majority of the voters of the island of Cuba shall vote in favor of annexation to the United States the island shall be annexed on such terms and conditions as the proper authorities of both countries may agree upon.

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Lieut. Calvin P. Titus of the Fourteenth infantry, who was the first man to scale the walls of the Chinese city at the battle of Peking, has withdrawn his resignation from the army and will become a regimental chaplain.

-:—:-

Charles D. Hillis of Dobbs Ferry, N. Y., has been sworn into office as Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, succeeding Louis A. Coolidge, resigned.

-:—:-

H. Percival Dodge of Boston, American minister to Salvador, has been selected as Minister to Morocco to succeed Mr. Cummore.

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When the Turkish Ambassador, Hussein Kiazim, received official word of the change of rulers in Turkey he at once went in person to the State Department, and, with every evidence of pleasure, conveyed the information to the American Government. The news was also received direct from the American Ambassador in Constantinople. A reply in due form was soon delivered, saying that the President had that day cabled congratulations to the new Sultan, Mehmed V.

Indelible Pencil Poisons.

A peculiar mishap that may cost the sight of one eye has befallen Miss Laura Steffens, daughter of Jacob Steffens, the Sacramento, Cal., banker, and sister of Lincoln Steffens, the writer. The point of an indelible pencil she was sharpening snapped off and struck her right eye. The coloring matter spread and turned the whole eye the purple color of the pencil, causing it to smart and impairing the eyesight. Miss Steffens is chief of the extension department of the State Library, and it was at the library that the accident happened.

"PEN" FOR BOY STEALER.

James Boyle Found Guilty of Kidnaping "Billy" Whitla.

James Boyle, charged with kidnaping "Billy" Whitla, was convicted in Mercer, Pa., Thursday, after a trial lasting but a few hours. No defense was made and the jury was out but a few minutes. The penalty is from one year to a life sentence in the penitentiary.

Mrs. Boyle, indicted under the name of Mary Doe, with half a dozen aliases, was immediately placed on trial, charged with aiding and abetting the kidnaping. Hardly had the jury been sworn in the woman's case, when the lawyers became engaged in an argument regarding the admission of certain testimony and the case was adjourned till the following morning.

That Boyle's trial came to such an abrupt ending, immediately after the State had rested, was due to the fact that so strong a case had been made against him. From the night before the abduction, when he was seen in Sharon, till the time of his arrest in Cleveland almost every movement he made was testified to by one or more witnesses. A man from whom he hired a horse and buggy, another who saw Boyle driving with "Billy" in the buggy, the barber who saw the two together and shaved Boyle's mustache off, train and electric railway conductors who saw the couple on the way to Cleveland and identified them in court—all told stories which fitted in perfectly with that of "Billy" Whitla, who positively identified Boyle as his kidnaper, and left no doubt as to the part he had taken in the case.

AMERICAN SCHOOL RAZED.

Property at Kessab Burned in the Anti-Christian Riots.

An investigator who has returned from a trip to Kessab, Asiatic Turkey, reports that all the American property at that place has been destroyed by the Moslem raiders. The property consisted of a girls' high school under the direction of Miss Ellie N. Chambers, a missionary of the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions. Three-fourths of the native houses also have been destroyed, but the Armenian church and the new Protestant school building are standing. Nearly all the people who fled from Kessab have returned to find their houses looted and they are destitute. Some food and clothing are being distributed, but there is no system in the work and the supplies are inadequate.

MINE EXPLOSION INJURES SEVEN

Use of Forbidden Powder Leads to a Panic in a Coal Pit.

An explosion of powder 2,000 feet under ground in the Arona mine of the Keystone Coal Company, at Arona, Pa., seriously injured seven miners and caused a panic among 200 others. The men were riding into the mine on a train of electric cars for the day's work, when the explosion took place. All fled toward the entrance. Finding there was no evidence of gas, some of the men returned and attended the injured men, who were taken to a hospital at Greensburg. Fulminite was used in the mine and the use of powder was forbidden by the company. It is believed a can of five pounds was being smuggled into the mine and was ignited by a spark from the trolley.

IMPORTS SHOW PROSPERITY.

Gems Valued at $2,418,242 and Autos Worth $315,662 Entered.

According to the figures of the New York customs office the luxuries imported into this country during April indicate a return of prosperity. Diamonds, pearls and other precious stones aggregating an appraised value of $2,418,242.14 were imported through this port. This is six times the quantity imported during the same month last year and is more, by nearly $500,000, than the value of the precious stones imported during April of 1907. In the same month 172 automobiles of the appraised value of $315,662.57 were imported.

TRADE AND INDUSTRY.

On account of the decision upholding the section of the New York State insurance laws prohibiting a company from doing more than $150,000,000 of new business in one year, the New York Life Insurance Company will dismiss on May 31 about 1,000 of its agents. This step is likely to be followed by the withdrawal of some of the foreign agencies, but an effort will be made to have the law repealed.

Since the insurance department of the State of Iowa has been barring certain Minnesota insurance companies from doing business in that State, Senator M. L. Fosseen, Minneapolis, offered a retaliatory measure, under which the companies from Iowa will not be granted licenses in Minnesota under similar conditions. The bill applies to all States which make regulations that would exclude Minnesota companies.

By an order of the interior department, about 3,000,000 acres of land in the counties along the eastern border of Wyoming are to be thrown open at once to homesteaders, who will be allowed to take either 160 or 320 acres. The land cannot be irrigated and will be of use, therefore, for dry farming only. Those who take the full 320 acres entries must make an attempt to cultivate the land, while those who go in on the smaller holdings will not be compelled by the law to do so.

The business life of London was all agog over the opening of the new department store of the American merchant, Selfridge, formerly of Chicago, who boldly advertised his intention of showing the Britishers how the Yankee does things in that line. Immense throngs of people crowded the big store owing to attractions offered, but at the same time the leading London houses in dry goods accepted the challenge by inserting big advertisements in the papers and also drawing crowds. Hitherto they had not used the daily papers extensively.

The Security State Bank, of Brainerd, Minn., which was closed down about two months ago, because of holding about $20,000 of the paper indorsed by Banker Jones, of Rugby, N. D., who failed, has reopened for business, an assessment of $100 per share having been paid.

Senator F. E. Putnam's bill, which commits the Legislature to the policy of establishing and maintaining an agricultural department in one high school in each Minnesota county, was passed by the Senate with only two dissenting votes. The bill carries an appropriation of $50,000 to cover the first two years of the work.

PEACE CHAMPIONS IN SESSION AT CHICAGO

National Congress Is Urged to Begin a Campaign of Education to Banish Conflict.

PRESIDENT TAFT SENDS LETTER

Leaders from All the States and European Nations Voice Cry to the World.

The second national peace congress was opened formally in Chicago for a three days' session. Orchestra Hall was well filled with delegates. Robert Treat Paine, of Boston, president of the American Peace Society, was in the chair.

Addresses of welcome were made by Governor Charles S. Deneen and Mayor Fred A. Busse, of Chicago. The Rev. A. Eugene Bartlett, chairman of the reception committee, welcomed the delegates to the work of the congress, and told them of the arrangements that had been made for their comfort and convenience.

In his address of welcome Dr. Bartlett said: "This congress must be more than a spasmodic expression of protest against war, and a resolution that disarmament would be desirable. It should inaugurate a still more effective campaign of education of the people in the interests of permanent world-wide peace. The burdens of war are borne by the common people, and in the end the verdict of war or peace must rest with the rank and file of the people."

President Taft in his letter applauded the purpose of the conference and said:

"The United States has contributed much to the cause of peace by assisting countries weak in respect to their internal government so as to strengthen in them the cause of law and order. This relationship of guardian and ward as between nations and countries, in my judgment, helps along the cause of international peace and indicates progress in civilization. The policy of the United States in avoiding war under all circumstances except those plainly inconsistent with honor or its highest welfare has been made so clear to the world as hardly to need statement at my hands. I can only say that so far as my legitimate influence extends while at the head of this government it will always be exerted to the full in favor of peace, not only as between this country and other countries, but as between our sister nations."

Exercises of many kinds were held in the city Sunday as a preliminary to the opening session. Special peace services were held in all of the churches in the morning. In the afternoon there was a labor demonstration and the Socialists held several meetings. In the evening a big mass meeting was held under the auspices of the Sunday Evening Club, at which Jacob Gould Schurman, president of Cornell, discussed taxation and war. President Schurman predicted that there would soon come from the property classes in all countries a demand that some way be found to reduce the cost of defense and preparations for war.

LAKE SAILORS ON STRIKE.

Labor Trouble Will Make 10,000 Seamen Idle—Ships in Port.

Traffic on the great lakes, so far as the boats controlled by the Lake Carriers' Association are concerned, was tied up completely Saturday when more than 1,000 members of the Lake Seamen's unions at various ports went on a strike. In Chicago about 200 sailors quit their jobs. The remainder of the men on strike are scattered throughout the different ports along the lakes. Victor A. Olander, general secretary of the Lake Seamen's Union, said that as soon as the strike gets in full swing 10,000 seamen will be affected. Of this number there are about 5,000 sailors, 3,000 marine firemen and 1,200 cooks. The marine engineers, numbering about 1,050, have been on strike for some time. Their strike is independent of that of the Lake Seamen's Union and they are not affiliated with the latter organization. There are sixty-three firms in the Lake Carriers' Association, which controls about 500 vessels altogether. Of this number there are about seventy vessels in operation.

ENTIRE TRAIN JUMPS TRACK.

One Hundred Passengers on Wabash Have a Narrow Escape.

One hundred passengers on the Wabash Railway east-bound limited express, which left Chicago at 3 p. m. Sunday, had a miraculous escape from death when the entire train jumped the track about 7 p. m. at Eden, Ohio. All of the cars left the track and went into the ditch after running along the roadbed for about a thousand feet. Some of the cars were completely overturned, but only one passenger, N. Burgess of New York, was injured beyond slight bruises.

TWENTY HURT IN TRAIN CRASH.

Engineer Dying and About Score of Others Injured in Collision.

Great Northern passenger train No. 3, known as the Flyer, west bound, ran into a light engine at Delano, Minn. Two day coaches were burned and about twenty passengers more or less seriously injured. Engineer Andrew W. Watson of St. Paul, of the passenger train, was probably fatally hurt and is in St. Mary's hospital at Minneapolis.

OHIO COAL MAN KILLS HIMSELF.

Head of Company Dies by Own Hand from Grief and Worry.

Gilbert D. Preston, president of the Interstate Coal and Coke Company, shot and killed himself in the bathroom of his home in Columbus. For twenty years Preston was connected with the Johnson Coal Mining Company and later with the Loraine Coal and Dock Company. With other local men he formed the Interstate Company. Worry over business affairs and grief for his young daughter, who died suddenly a year ago, are held responsible for his suicide.

Work of Congress

Notable speeches provoking debate of intense interest characterized the session of the Senate Tuesday. Senator Dolliver of Iowa made an attack upon the methods under which protective tariff bills are formed and engaged in a constant exchange of words with Senator Aldrich, who was a careful listener to the address of the Iowa Senator. On the Democratic side Senators remained mute, no member of the minority interposing a word in the controversy over the [illegible] which occupied Republican Senators alone. At times the debate threatened to be acrimonious, but the Iowa Senator was ever ready with a humorous retort, which called forth laughter at times when angry words seemed unavoidable. Senator Borah concluded his speech on the income tax, devoting an extended legal argument to show that there is ample reason for believing that the Supreme Court of the United States might reverse itself if the constitutionality of such a law should again be presented to it. A strong plea for the extension of the protective tariff system to [illegible] was made by Senator Bradley of Kentucky, who declared that with the [illegible] policy covering products of the State, Kentucky would be as [illegible] Republican in the future as Massachusetts has been in the past.

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The tariff bill was again taken up by the Senate Wednesday for the consideration of committee amendments that were passed over upon the first reading of the bill, after it had been practically laid aside for several days while Senators have been making set speeches on the measure as a whole. Small progress was made in the consideration of the measure, only [illegible] pages being considered before adjournment. There was much debate on the various amendments [illegible] upon. Senator Dolliver [illegible] his speech begun the previous day. The House was not in session.

-:—:-

Little progress was made in the consideration of the tariff bill in the Senate Thursday, the lead schedule being under discussion. Senator Borah made a strong fight against increases in the rates of the schedule over the duties provided in the House bill, on the ground that such increase would unnecessarily increase the cost of [illegible] which the farmers use extensively. During the discussion Senators Beveridge and Gallinger engaged in a sharp colloquy during which Mr. Gallinger accused the Indiana Senator of "advertising his own wares." Earlier in the day Senator Cummins addressed the Senate in favor of lower duties, especially in the iron and steel schedules. He declared that the people would take matters in their own hands if the law did not check monopolies and said that in that event convenient lamp posts would be found. Representative Murphy of Missouri held the attention of the House with a repetition of the charges against Judges Phillips and McPherson of the western division of his State, which he had made in his original resolution. His colleague, Mr. Rucker, corroborated all that he said in denunciation of the action of the two judges, and added that Judge Phillips ought to have been impeached twenty years ago. The House adjourned until Monday.

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Just before adjournment Friday the Senate voted to fix the duty on lead contained in lead ore at [illegible] cents a pound, which is the rate of the Dingley law, and of the pending bill as it was passed by the House of Representatives. Fifty-three Senators, including all Republicans present and Senators Hughes of Colorado and McEnery of Louisiana, voted in favor of the duty and nineteen Democratic Senators voted against it. This paragraph has not been opposed by the low tariff Republicans and the vote was not significant. During the day Senator Clapp of Minnesota spoke at length in favor of lowering tariff duties and Senator Owen of Oklahoma upheld the constitutionality of the income tax. The House was not in session.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES

Robert A. Taft, son of President Taft, was elected treasurer of the Yale University Y. M. C. A.

Fire in the stockroom of McCready Brothers' department store, Philadelphia, caused a loss of $150,000.

Fire at Elkins, W. Va., destroyed the machine shop of the Western Maryland Railroad, causing a loss of $15,000.

Loss by a fire which destroyed three large bins of the St. Louis Compress Company at Little Rock, Ark., will be $175,000.

More than $12,000,000 in nickels is the annual tribute of San Francisco to the over-busy slot machines, according to Supervisor Comte.

Amzi Lorenzo Barber, head of the Barber Asphalt Paving Company, is dead in Ardsley Park, N. Y. He formed the first of a series of asphalt combinations.

One hundred and fifty Californians celebrated the third anniversary of the San Francisco earthquake at a dinner in New York.

Fire destroyed the Keystone Type Founders' building and one adjoining, occupied by the Spool Cotton Company, in Atlanta, Ga. The loss is estimated at $50,000.

Capt. William H. Roberts, for many years captain in the United States navy, died in Los Angeles, Cal. For the last six years he had been constructor and inspector of life-saving stations on the Pacific.

Truman R. Fassett, son of Congressman J. Sloan Fassett, has won the Guilford prize of $150 at Cornell University for an essay.

R. D. Williams, purser of the liner St. Louis, has been asked by the New York customs officials to explain the presence in a stateroom of $10,500 worth of silk and women's wearing apparel.

Following a conference held in Kansas City to-day it was stated that nearly a thousand lumber mills in Texas, Louisiana, Mississippi and Florida will be shut down for an indefinite period. The combine members say they will force up prices and will remain closed for twelve months if necessary.

HEPBURN LAW UPHELD BUT ROADS NOT HURT

Supreme Court Finds Commodities Clause Good, but Takes Away Its Effect.

COAL LINES NOT TO SUFFER

Government Interpretation Held to Be All Wrong and Things Will Go On as Before.

The railroads won a unique and substantial victory Monday when the United States Supreme Court, through Justice White, handed down a decision declaring the "commodities clause" of the Hepburn act constitutional, but placing an interpretation upon it which will not compel the carriers to part with their coal properties.

The decision, however, in the case of the Lehigh Valley and the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western roads at least, requires a divorcement of their coal properties. The victory was unique, because the arguments of the Attorney General in favor of the clause, as well as the arguments of the railroad attorneys against the clause, were lost efforts, so far as the Supreme Court was concerned.

The decision upholds the constitutionality of the clause, but declares that its interpretation by the government under which it was endeavoring to compel the railroads to part with their coal lands, is a false interpretation. Therefore, were the arguments of the railroad lawyers combatting the government's interpretation useless. Both the government and the railroads were, so to speak, "barking up the wrong tree."

The decision, however, does not indicate that the court would view with hostility an amendment by Congress to the commodities clause prohibiting common carriers from owning the securities of corporations whose commodities they transport.

Robs Law of Its Effect.

The effect of the Supreme Court's pronouncement is to make abortive the purpose for which the commodities clause was incorporated in the Hepburn amendment, for it makes it possible for the railroads to do by indirection what they cannot do directly—namely, own coal mines and transport the products therefrom. In order to do this, however, it becomes necessary for a railroad company either to organize a subsidiary company which shall be the legal owner of the mines, or in the event of the railroad company's owning its mines direct, then it will become necessary for it to dispose in good faith of the output of the mines before it transports the same.

In other words, the decision places the seal of approval upon the commodities clause, but insists that it does not mean that a railroad company may not own stock in another company which controls coal mines the product of which the railroad company transports to market, nor does it mean that if such a railroad company owns its mines, it cannot transport their product, provided it first parts with it before it becomes interstate traffic. The decision, therefore, practically gives the approval of the highest tribunal in the land to the method which is now being pursued by all western coal owning roads and by the majority of the eastern coal owning roads, of mining and selling the products of their mines.

HITS CHURCH AGREEMENT.

Judge Says Raising of Children in Given Faith Cannot Be Enforced.

Stipulations before marriage by which one or the other party agrees to permit the education and religious training of children in a given faith cannot be enforced by law. Judge Matthew G. Reynolds of St. Louis the other day handed down a decision to this effect. This decision, said by attorneys to be the first of its kind, holds to be of no effect one of the requirements of the Catholic Church, that non-Catholics who marry Catholics sign an ante-nuptial contract giving control of the religious education of children born to them to the Catholic party to the agreement.

SEVEN DEAD, BATTLE TOLL.

Harold Sanborn, Chicago, Who Killed Girl, Was Badly Wounded.

Additional reports received at El Paso, Texas, of the recent riot on the Sanborn ranch, near Vera Cruz, Mexico, are to the effect that seven persons were killed during the riot and that Harold Sanborn of Chicago, son of the president of the La Juanta plantation, was dangerously wounded. Young Sanborn is held in jail, the charge against him being the killing of a 19-year-old girl, who, it is alleged, stabbed Sanborn's ranch partner, Vicente Espinose, in the back. The killing of the girl took place in the general fight that followed.

Eight Barges Lost in Gale.

Four persons were drowned and a total of eight barges lost during a fierce storm off Faulkner's Island. The tug Sanford, from New York to Providence with a tow of nine barges, ran into a heavy gale, and the hawsers parted, four of the barges drifting away. Four other barges were lost during the night.

Congressman Gives Up Eye.

Sacrificing one eye that he might escape total blindness, Congressman Charles A. Crow of Caruthersville, Mo., submitted to an operation at a hospital in St. Louis. He probably will recover. Mr. Crow's right eye was removed.

Noted Prima Donna Is Dead.

News was given out Wednesday that Johanna Doehlmann, famous opera singer, who sang with Conried, is dead at a private sanitarium in Lebanon, Ohio. She died of pneumonia, although she entered the institution to be treated for cancer.

SHE—"YOUR HONOR, HE BEATS ME!"

5 GUILTY IN BUCKET-SHOP CASE

Cincinnatians Convicted by Jury of Using the Mails to Defraud.

The jury in the case of Louis W. Foster and five others, who were charged with using the mails to defraud in conducting a so-called "bucket shop," returned a verdict of guilty in the United States District Court in Cincinnati Friday. The men found guilty are Louis W. Foster, John Gorman, W. J. Campbell, A. C. Baldwin, John M. Scott and Edwin F. Hell. The penalty is a fine of from $1,000 to $5,000, eighteen months in the penitentiary, or both.

William J. O'Dell, who died in Cincinnati several years ago, left an estate estimated at $2,000,000. He amassed this fortune by running a bucket shop on a larger scale than ever before known in this country, having branches in all the principal cities and towns in the West and South. At his death the defendants found guilty Friday continued the O'Dell Brokerage Company. Gorman, Baldwin, Scott and Hell were formerly telegraph operators in the employ of O'Dell. William Dudley, telegraph operator, and Attorney Thomas Shay, both of whom are dead, were interested as partners at one time. All these men are credited with having cleaned up $1,000,000, most of which, however, Gorman and Dudley and Shay retained.

The verdict is a clean victory for the government, which contended the defendants did not even play the bucket shop game honestly, but by slow wires and fast wires to Chicago, and New York took advantage of the market quotations and closed out trades with their customers to the best advantages to the defendants.

LONGER DAY IN SUMMER IS AIM.

Cincinnatians Join Movement to Introduce English Innovation.

Prominent Cincinnatians are interesting themselves in a national movement to change business hours during the summer months, after the fashion which is under consideration in England, and which makes the day begin two hours earlier during the summer than it does during the other months of the year. The plan provides that each year on May 1 the standard time of the United States be advanced two hours and continue thus until Oct. 1. In this way it is intended that persons who start to work at 7 o'clock in the morning during the other months shall begin their days at 5 o'clock in the summer months and end it two hours earlier, the plan giving them two more hours of daylight for recreation.

ASKS $15,000; GIVEN $20,000.

Woman Awarded Big Damages in Suit Against Ferry Company.

Although she only asked $15,000 for the loss of a foot, a jury in Philadelphia gave Mrs. Jennie Amos $20,000 damages in her suit against the Delaware River Ferry Company. The woman was a passenger on a ferry boat, which docked at Knight's Point, Camden. There was no gang plank provided for the passengers and as she was about to step from the boat to the wharf the boat gave a jolt, throwing her forward. Her left foot was caught between the boat and the planking of the slip and crushed.

Convicted of Killing Wife.

Chester S. Jordan, charged with killing his wife, was found guilty of murder in the first degree in Boston. After slaying his wife, who was a young and exceedingly attractive woman, Jordan decapitated and dismembered the body, packing the limbs and torso in a trunk.

Rich Attack the Black Hand.

Determined to stamp out the Black Hand, wealthy Italian residents of New York have offered $2,500 a year to Thomas Colesanto, a detective of Waterbury, Conn., to take the place of Joseph Petrosino, assassinated in Sicily. Colesanto says he is considering the offer.

Loaded Trolley Car Upset.

The turning over of a car on the Dayton and Northern Traction Line resulted in injury to about ten people. The car was coming into Dayton, Ohio, and left the rails as it turned a curve. All the injured will recover.

GRAFT SENTENCES IN PITTSBURG

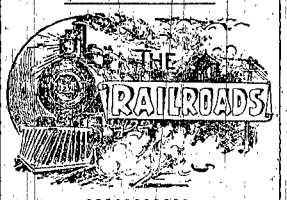
Former Bank President Among Seven Men Sent to Prison Cells.

Sentences were imposed in the Criminal Court in Pittsburg Wednesday, by Judge Frazer on seven persons, convicted within the last few weeks in the municipal graft cases. The sentences follow: W. W. Ramsey, former National bank president, convicted of bribery, one year and six months' imprisonment and a fine of $1,000. Capt. John F. Klein, councilman, two years and a fine of $1,000, on the bribery conviction, and one year and six months on the conspiracy conviction. Joseph C. Wasson and William Brand, former councilmen, each one year and six months and a fine of $500 for conspiracy. H. M. Bolger, bookkeeper, two years and a fine of $500 for bribery. Charles Colbert and John Colbert, convicted of attempting to bribe a jury in the Ramsey bribery case, two years and a fine of $500 each. A. A. Vilsack, former bank cashier, was not sentenced to-day, and it is said will not be till after he has testified in several other cases which are likely to come up soon.

WINS SUIT AND HIS SON.

J. S. Cabanne Granted Divorce and Custody of Recently Stolen Boy.

James Shepard Cabanne, Jr., has obtained a divorce from Mrs. Minnie Leonard Cabanne Brandenburg and was granted the custody of their son, whom Broughton Brandenburg of New York recently took to San Francisco. Mr. Cabanne has returned from the Western city, where he regained possession of the boy. The divorce case was on the default docket and no defense was offered. The prayer of the plaintiff alleged desertion. Mrs. Cabanne has asserted that she obtained a divorce from her former husband in British Honduras before she was married to Brandenburg.



The Soo railroad has begun the construction of improved terminals in Minneapolis to cost one million dollars.

The Burlington Railway has decided to make a 2½-cent passenger rate, effective in Missouri, and this action is expected to end the proceeding to nullify the 2-cent law.

All the coal carrying roads are rushing large quantities of coal to the tidewater, and to Western points, and every railroad crew is busy, while miners are being worked full capacity.

Plans for the construction of the Great Northern Railroad line from Noyes, Minn., to Winnipeg, have been filed with the Manitoba government. The line is to be in operation by Sept. 1.

Since the completion of its line to the head of the lakes, the Wisconsin Central has advanced the rate on soft coal between Manitowoc, Wis., and the Twin Cities from 90 cents to $1.15 per ton.

The stockholders of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company have voted to issue $100,000,000 of new stock which will be offered at $100 per share in exchange for the company's bonds at $130.

About thirty iron ore carrying contracts between the Cuyuna Range Railway Company and fee owners and lease holders on the Cuyuna range have been filed for record at Brainerd. The rate is 65 to 66 cents a ton.

The Missouri representatives have passed a prohibition law for passenger trains, making it unlawful to drink or expose intoxicating liquors on passenger trains in that State, or to ride on a passenger train in an intoxicated condition.

The Chicago and Northwestern Railway Company has completed its double track system between Chicago and the Missouri River. The last link in the double track system was completed when the second track of the new bridge across the Mississippi at Clinton was finished at a cost of $2,000,000.

The Iowa representatives passed the Senate bill prohibiting drinking intoxicants on trains. This puts an end to the sale of liquor in dining cars for consumption while on the trains. Members of the train crew are given the power to eject offenders and call upon local officers to arrest them, but may not make arrests.

REPORT SHIP LOST WITH 21.

Shores, Six Days Overdue, Believed Sunk in Lake Superior.

Advices received at Duluth are to the effect that the steamer Shores, six days' overdue at Duluth, went down off White Fish Point in Lake Superior with all on board. The crew and passengers numbered twenty-one.

News of the destruction of the Shores was brought to Duluth by the crew of the steamer Northland, who say that as the latter was passing that point on the way up they discovered wreckage strewn all over the lake, and, in their opinion, it belonged to the Shores. The fact that she was a week overdue at Duluth and no word of her has been received adds color to the theory.

The Adelia Shores belonged to the S. O. Neff Transportation Company of Milwaukee, and is said to have been up bound from Michigan with a load of salt. The ship was of 1,250 tons burden and under command of Captain S. Holmes. The engineer was R. S. Nott. The names of the crew and passengers are not obtainable.

FIGHT FOR THE PENNANTS.

Standing of Clubs in the Principal Base Ball Leagues.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Pittsburg	13	6	Cincinnati	10	12
Phil'delp'a	9	6	Brooklyn	7	9
Boston	9	7	New York	6	9
Chicago	11	9	St. Louis	7	4

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Detroit	14	5	Phil'del'p'a	7	8
New York	11	6	Cleveland	7	9
Boston	9	8	Washington	5	10
Chicago	8	8	St. Louis	6	12

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Milwaukee	13	4	Kansas City	8	10
Louisville	13	7	Minneapolis	8	10
Indian'ls	11	10	Columbus	9	12
Toledo	9	11	St. Paul	5	12

PERSIA GIVEN A CONSTITUTION.

Shah Sees No Other Way to Secure Restoration of Order.

A proclamation granting a constitution to Persia has been signed and issued by the Shah. The document announces that as a constitutional regime alone is capable of bringing about the restoration of order and promoting the welfare of the people, his majesty accords a constitution to the nation. Elections will be held in accordance with the new electoral law, to be published shortly, and should be completed by July 19, when the deputies will assemble at Teheran. The decision of the Shah follows six months of revolutionary agitation on the part of the Persian people for the restoration of representative government.

KIDNAPING PLOT FOR PARDON.

California Governor's Son Sought to Secure Convict's Liberty.

A plot to kidnap the 8-year-old son of Governor Gillett of California was unearthed at San Quentin prison when it was found that J. B. Clifton, one of the most notorious criminals in the state, who is serving time for attempting the life of Detective Hodgins in Oakland, had completed arrangements with a confederate on the outside to steal the boy and hold him for ransom. The price of the lad's return to his father was to have been Clifton's pardon.

Dishwasher Inherits Fortune.

James Patterson, who for four years has been earning a living in Baker City, Oregon, as a cook and dishwasher, has gone to London, England, where he has inherited an estate said to be valued at several hundred thousand dollars.

Footpad Stabs Woman in Arm.

Mrs. Gerthan Holman, wife of Henry G. Holman, a civil engineer of Minneapolis, was attacked on the street in New York by a footpad and wounded in the arm when she warded off a knife aimed at her breast. Antonio Dolloni was arrested as a suspect.

THE WEEKLY HISTORIAN

1664—The first Assembly under the Rhode Island charter met at Newport.

1682—William Penn published his frame of government for the colony of Pennsylvania.

1690—First Colonial Congress met in New York City.

1700—The first general census of Rhode Island was ordered by the Assembly.

1765—The first medical school in America founded.

1776—Massachusetts expunged the name of King from legal proceedings....Congress declared the authority of England over the thirteen colonies abolished.

1787—Federal convention assembled in Philadelphia to adopt a national constitution.

1798—Harper's Ferry, Va., was selected as the site for a government armory and manufactory....Navy department of the United States established by act of Congress.

1802—The people living in the Northwest territory north of the Ohio river, were authorized to organize themselves into a State.

1808—France laid an embargo on American shipping....Charles IV. of Spain abdicated in favor of Bonaparte....Theological Seminary at Andover, Mass., founded.

1815—Dedication of St. Patrick's Cathedral in New York City.

1835—First issue of the New York Herald....One thousand lives lost in great earthquake in Calabria.

1838—Large section of Charleston, S. C., destroyed by fire.

1844—Henry Clay nominated for President by the Whig convention in Baltimore.

1847—Cornerstone of Smithsonian Institution laid.

1854—United States announced its neutrality in the Crimean war.

1855—Attempted assassination of Napoleon III. by Pianori.

1861—Three steamships seized at New Orleans by order of Governor Moore of Louisiana.

1864—Andersonville prison opened for Federal prisoners.

1873—Explosion and fire destroyed five flouring mills in Minneapolis and killed eighteen persons.

1874—The first agreement to fix railroad rates in the East made at New York.

1876—Queen Victoria declared Empress of India.

1880—Gladstone ministry formed in Great Britain.

1881—Construction of the Canadian Pacific railroad begun.

1884—Iowa Republican convention declared for James G. Blaine for President.

1886—Six policemen killed by anarchists in the Haymarket riot in Chicago.

1888—Lord Stanley of Preston appointed Governor General of Canada.

1889—Murder of Dr. Patrick H. Cronin in Chicago.

1890—Oklahoma organized as a territory.

1893—The new Dominion Parliament opened by Lord Stanley after the general election.

1894—The Vaughn library building at Ashland, Wis., destroyed by fire....St. Charles Hotel in New Orleans destroyed by fire.

1895—Theodore Roosevelt became a member of the Board of Police Commissioners of New York City.

1896—Assassination of the Shah of Persia—Gen. Baldissera, Italian commander in Abyssinia, raised the siege of Adigrat.

1897—Disastrous flood in the Cottonwood Valley of Oklahoma....A flood at Guthrie, Ok., resulted in a great loss of life and property....Foreclosure sale of the Atlantic & Pacific railroad at Gallup, N. M....Sir Mackenzie Bowell resigned the premiership of Canada.

1898—American squadron under Admiral Sampson bombarded Matanzas, Cuba.

1903—United States Supreme Court sustained the clause in the Alabama constitution disfranchising negroes.

1901—Ten-million-dollar fire in Jacksonville, Fla.

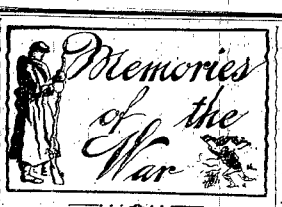
1904—The Louisiana Purchase Exposition opened at St. Louis.

1905—American Ambassador Choate given farewell dinner by the Lord Mayor of London....Andrew Carnegie gave $10,000,000 as a pension fund for college professors in the United States and Canada.

1908—Ferryboat on the River Dneiper, Russia, capsized, with loss of 120 lives.

Employers Talk Profit-Sharing.

During the recent convention of the National Metal Trades Association at Chicago, R. T. Crane, head of the Chicago Crane Company, told of the profit-sharing plan which had been put in force with the employes of that company. He said that the net earnings after payment of interest at legal rates on the capital invested are divided into two equal shares, one of which goes to the company as a surplus or dividends and the other being set aside for the employes. Some of the employers present criticised this plan as being semi-socialistic.



A Mysterious Movement.

As I have never seen in print any reference to a mysterious movement and retreat from Grand Junction, I will give an account of a movement I have never been able to fathom. The Fighting 4th, Hurlbut's Division, was encamped at Bolivar, Tenn., with Rosecrans, with part of his Army of the Tennessee at Corinth and the 16th Corps scattered from Memphis to Jackson. I remember we received orders to march, we knew not where, but supposed to form a junction with Rosecrans, possibly on the Cold Water. At all events we moved at early dawn, taking everything with us, wagon-trains, fully equipped, and as we filed out past the camps of the other brigades of our famous division, they saw that our brigade, the 3d, was the only one moving. With very little delay we left Bolivar in the rear and wended our way to the South and on the Grand Junction road. It was a mild day in September, 1862, and our movement seemed to us of importance. We had a camp and garrison equipage, and if we were not going to form the junction with Rosey at Cold Water, as was first expected, we must be going to join him at Corinth. At all events, the meager numbers, so heavily equipped, caused a great deal of speculation. But speculation soon gave way to actual work, and we marched on, leaving La Grange to the west, and when night came we bivouacked by the roadside, within six miles of Grand Junction.

An early breakfast and on we went, until orders to halt and load were passed along the line; next to tear down the fences. Some of the 24 Illinois, who were with the expedition, had brought word to Lanman that the enemy was in force near the Junction and he had better get away to the left toward Bolivar. This was done with a will, for we realized that we were about to be flanked, and if we would save ourselves from the clutches of old Price, Van Dorn and Villipigue, we must hustle. The brigade immediately about-faced, flankers were thrown out and we were ordered from quick time to that of double quick, and a general run was the final order. To this we found no end until Wolf Creek was reached. The wagon train was terribly in the way. Water was out of the question, for the natives seemed to fully understand the plight we were in and had removed the well buckets, and, to complete the destruction, everything loose was, by us, thrown into the wells, and, upon reaching Wolf River, we formed a line of battle masking a section of artillery covering the road. Here details of men were sent to the stream with our canteens, and while the teams were crossing we lay in wait. We had not much time to lose, only enough to get our breath, when the Rebel cavalry came dashing along. And such a reception! I never learned how many of them bit the dust, but my regiment being in support, and on the right of the road, I could distinctly hear the commands of the Rebel officers, and know that our line was soon covered, or where our line had been, but, in the meantime, our wagons, and the old reliable 28th Illinois, bringing up the rear, laughed at the discomfited Johnnies forming their lines and getting left. On to Bolivar was the cry, and if you ever saw a hungry, tired and thirsty brigade, that one was the 3d Brigade, 4th Division, 16th Corps. The report reached Bolivar that we were captured, and when, instead, we marched in by our comrades, such a welcome I have never witnessed before nor since. The 10th Illinois boys fairly rushed to our ranks and shook us by the hand. We were saved, and not long after the division made a more business-like maneuver, and after Price and his gang were whipped and driven from Corinth, he fell into our hands on the Hatchie River and got a second thrashing in almost the same twenty-four hours. In other words, we cut off his retreat and sent his scattered forces up the river to find a crossing and escape. Gen. Ord was in command, but was wounded, and our old commander assumed command, and to his memory is due the success of a second time routing the defeated Rebels.—Christian Stolt in American Tribune.

The Last Charge of the War.

From a posthumous paper by Gen. Sheridan in the North American Review, we make the following interesting extract:

Beyond us, in a low valley (near Appomattox Court House, after my flank movement), lay Lee and the remnant of his army. There did not appear to be much organization, except in the advanced troops under General Gordon, whom we had been fighting, and a rear guard under General Longstreet still further up the valley. Formations were immediately begun to make a bold and sweeping charge down the grassy slope, when an aid-de-camp from Custer, filled with excitement hat in hand, dashed up to me with the message from his chief: "Lee has surrendered. Do not charge; the white flag is up!" Orders were given to complete the formation, but not to charge.

Looking to the left, to Appomattox Court House, a large group was seen near by, the lines of Confederate troops that had fallen back to that point. General Custer had not come back, and, supposing that he was with the group at the courthouse, I moved on a gallop down the narrow ridge, followed by my staff. The courthouse was, perhaps, three-fourths of a mile distant. We had not gone far before a heavy fire was opened on us from a skirt of timber to our right, and distant not much over 300 yards. I halted for a moment and, taking off my hat, called out that the flag was being violated, but could not stop the firing, which caused us to take shelter in a ravine running parallel to the bridge we were on, and down which we then traveled. As we approached the courthouse a gentle ascent had to be made. I was in advance, followed by a sergeant carrying my battle flag. Within 100 to 150 yards from the courthouse and Confederate lines some of the men in their ranks brought their guns to aim on us, and great effort was made by their officers to keep them from firing. I halted, and, hearing some noise behind, turned in the saddle and saw a Confederate soldier attempting to take my battle flag from the color bearer. This the sergeant had no idea of submitting to, and had drawn his sabre to cut the man down. A word from me caused him to return his sabre and take the flag back to the staff officers, who were some little distance behind. I remained stationary after these events; then, calling a staff officer, directed him to go over to the group of Confederate officers and demand what such conduct meant. Kind apologies were made, and we advanced. The superior officers met were General J. B. Gordon and General Gadmus M. Wilcox, the latter an old army officer. As soon as the first greeting was over, a furious firing began in front of our own cavalry, from whom we had only a few minutes before separated. General Gordon seemed to be somewhat disconcerted by it. I remarked to him, "General Gordon, your men fired on me as I was coming over here, and undoubtedly they have done the same to Merritt's and Custer's commands. We might just as well let them have it out." To this proposition General Gordon did not accede. I then asked, "Why not send a staff officer and have your people cease firing? They are violating the flag!" He said, "I have no staff officer to send." I replied, "I will let you have one of mine!" and calling for Lieutenant Vanderlip Allen, he was directed to report to General Gordon and carry his orders. The orders were to go to General Geary, who was in command of a small brigade of South Carolina cavalry, and ask him to discontinue the firing. Lieutenant Allen dashed off with the message, but in delivering it to General Geary was taken prisoner, with the remark from that officer that he did not care for white flags; that South Carolinians never surrendered.

It was about this time that Merritt, getting impatient at the supposed treacherous firing, ordered a charge of a portion of his command. While Generals Gordon and Wilcox were engaged in conversation with me a cloud of dust, a wild hurrah, a flashing of sabres, indicated a charge, and the ejaculations of my staff officers were heard: "Look, Merritt has ordered a charge!" The flight of Geary's brigade followed. Lieutenant Allen was thus released. The last gun had been fired and the last charge made in the Virginia campaign.

A Story of Lee.

Illustrating his talk, the speaker said that he had a piece of history from the lips of a good woman in Richmond, whom some of the congregation before him, doubtless, know. It was this: After the war General Lee paid a visit to Fredericksburg, the scene of one of the most terrible of his battles, a battle which lasted three days and in which thousands of men were slaughtered. A reception was tendered him during his visit, and during the course of the reception he found himself in a bevy of young ladies. He did not know any of them. "What is your name?" he asked one of them. She replied, "Where is your home?" he next inquired. "I live in Chatham," she answered. Chatham is a splendid old place, overlooking the Rappahannock River, where Burnside's forces were stretched out, with Lee across the river on Marye's Height, a mile away. "You live at Chatham," said the great chieftain, his voice changing, and the girl answered "yes." "Is the old oak still standing in the front yard?" asked General Lee. "Why, yes," she replied. "I have played under it since I was a baby." "It was under that oak," said General Lee, "that I courted my wife." And then, as if he was recalling one of the deepest things in life, paused, and after a time continued: "When the battle of Fredericksburg was at its height, standing on Marye's Height, it occurred to me that possibly I could get a glimpse of that old oak, and I trained my glasses upon it. And after a while, when the smoke parted, I did catch a glimpse of the upper branches, and"—and here, with infinite tenderness in his voice and tears in his eyes, he turned from the group of girls—"and it strengthened me for my day's work.

"There," said Dr. Marshall, "was a warrior in the crisis of a great battle, but deeper, deeper in his nature than the warrior was the lover, and it was typical of him and typical of the proud people whom he represented."—Report of a Sermon in Charleston News and Courier.

Soldier Jokes.

An applicant for a pension says he was wounded in forty-seven places during the war, which reminds us of a story:

An ex-soldier, remarkable rather for his rattling volubility than for downright common sense, was exhibiting a series of war maps. Turning to one, he said: "That's where I was wounded in my side." Then he showed on another map where he lost his little finger. "And here," he added, referring to a third, "is where I lost all my traps."

"I s-say, Bluffkins," broke in the other, who was a victim of the stuttering habit, "I s-say, Bluffkins, suppose you show me the place where you l-l-lost your br-br-brains."

Wounded at Gettysburg.

Client—Can you get a pension for a man wounded at Gettysburg?

Lawyer—Certainly. Where were you wounded?

"In the ears. I was down there to the celebration, and I'm durned if they didn't war reminiscence holes through both drums."—Texas Siftings.

Despite the opposition from the Japanese government, the department of Agriculture has succeeded in obtaining 455,000 plants of the grasses used in matting, and will experiment with them in several southern states.

Biscuit Buyers' Luck

5¢

Sold only in Moisture Proof Packages

Buying soda crackers that are not **Uneeda Biscuit** is buying by guess-work and trusting to luck. To be sure of good luck and good baking, buy no soda crackers but

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LITTLE BITS OF STATE NEWS

Also Some Other Items of Interest to our Readers.

The baccalaureate exercises of the Wakefield High School will be held this year May 16th.

The dates for the Norfolk Summer Chautauqua have been set for August 7th to 16th.

The Times says that York needs a hospital worse than anything else in the world. My, it must be badly in need then.

The Laurel schools have been placed on the four year accredited list by state inspector of schools, A. A. Reed.

The report of the village treasurer of Wakefield showed money on hand in every fund. A good condition, surely.

Charles Dittberger, a pioneer resident of Madison county, was found dead in bed Saturday morning when his wife went to call him.

Wakefield will observe Decoration Day on Saturday, May 29th, instead of Monday, the 31st, as recommended by the G. A. R. Department.

In the seven days that wound up the time before real estate taxes became delinquent the treasurer of Cedar county issued receipts for $33,362.73.

Emerson has a number of cases of scarlet fever, some of them very severe, and the schools have been closed and the children ordered to keep off the streets.

The fine, large farm home of John H. Hoehne, five miles south of Wisner, to which a new addition had just been built, was destroyed by fire Monday forenoon.

A. Anderson, who resided just south of the Wayne county line in Stanton county, dropped dead last Thursday about noon from heart failure. He was about 55 years of age.

Back firing was all that saved the lives of four Norfolk traveling men one day last week, they being caught in a prairie fire between Norden and Ainsworth. One of them was quite badly burned about the face, neck and hands. The fire burned a strip fifty miles long and twenty-five miles wide, taking everything in its path.

The Luther League Convention of the Wakefield District together with the Wakefield District Mission meeting will be held at the Lutheran church May 21-23. Young people from eight outside congregations and also the ministers of the district will be present.

J. H. Weaver, a weather observer at Wakefield, observes that there was 2.12 inches of rainfall in the month of April, and only 4.84 inches from January 1st to May 1st. That does not indicate much moisture considering the amount of high winds we have been having.

Farmers of Cuming county are utilizing the cement industry in the erection of new farm buildings throughout the county. The local cement works has a force of men in the country building cement and concrete foundations for barns and houses and floors for the different farm buildings.

Strawberries have long been packed in boxes supposed to contain a quart or a pint. That the boxes have grown smaller is a matter of public knowledge. The supreme court has taken judicial knowledge of the fact that they ought to contain a quart and if they don't, it holds, in effect, that it is a violation of the pure food law.

The prospects are that Elgin will have an entire block of brick buildings before the end of the present year. While the fire was a deplorable affair, the business men are made out of the kind of stuff that takes victory out of seeming defeat. They are making preparations to go ahead, and expect that the year's business will show up pretty good in spite of the famous fire of April, 28, 1909.

There were two bad fires in the vicinity of Laurel last week, resulting in bad loss to farmers. J. L. Knight lost all his farm buildings except his house, 1350 bushels of corn, some wheat, oats and his farm implements; also one colt and fourteen hogs. On the George Henrichs farm every building on the place was burned except the house, also wheat, oats and 1,000 bushels of corn.

Dakota county is not done with the old normal school enterprise, which has cost that county considerable money because of the ambition to have a normal school and the corrupt connivance of public officials. Judge T. C. Munger has just held in federal court that school district No. 11, of Dakota county, must pay Edward Chepard, of New York city, $4,319, as intetest on an old bond issue for $22,000, which was voted in 1887, though the school was never established.

The recent Nebraska legislature passed a law which goes into effect in July which is of much importance to voters. Under this law when a foreigner takes out his first papers he may vote for five years then he must take out his second papers. If he fails so to do he is not allowed to vote until he does take them out. Heretofore men could vote without taking out their second papers but they cannot do so after next July. Those voters who have only taken out first papers should get busy.

An order has been received from the postmaster general for the discontinuance of the Saint James postoffice May 31st. All postage stamps and postal supplies will be turned over to the Wynot postoffice.

The finding of an empty gasoline can in the basement of the burned M. E. church at Plainview but confirms the theory that the fire was of an incendiary origin. Had it not been for the fact that a neighbor was up at midnight to care for a sick child it is probable that Rev. Goodell and family would have perished in the flames, as it was they barely escaped. The officials of the church have decided to rebuild a $12,000 structure. Stanton Methodists have already subscribed $100 toward the fund.

The latest fake practiced on farmers according to the Nemaha Republican is that of a man who visits the place and claims he has been sent out by the state to examine fruit trees for San Jose scale and other fruit tree diseases. The fellow will go over the orchard and mark all the trees which he claims are affected. Shortly after his visit a confederate will appear and say that he has a preparation which will cure the disease for which the tree is condemned and will contract to inject a fluid into the roots for a certain price. Both of the men are swindlers and should be run off the place with a shotgun.

Andrew Anderson, a prominent Stanton county farmer, sometimes known as "Buffalo" Anderson, who committed suicide by hanging himself with a bath robe cord fastened to a nail, took his life because of despondency and ill health, according to the verdict of the coroner's jury. Anderson was well-to-do, leaves a wife and a number of children, and had only recently returned from the Arkansas hot springs. Anderson lived about eight miles north of Stanton. Going to a bed room to get ready to go to Norfolk, he placed the loop around his neck and dropped down so that his knees almost touched the floor. When his wife found him in ten minutes he was dead.

The Amended Liquor Law

The following exact wording of the main features of the much discussed "daylight saloon" law will be of interest to our readers:

Section 1—That Section 14, chapter 50 Compiled Statutes of the State of Nebraska, for the year 1907, be amended to read as follows:

Sec. 4—Every person who shall sell or give away any malt, spirituous or vinous liquors, or any intoxicating drinks on the day of any general, special or primary election, or at any time during the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday, or at any time upon any week day, after the hour of 8 o'clock p. m., and before the hour of 7 o'clock a. m., of the following day shall forfeit and pay for such offense the sum of one hundred dollars and his license shall be forfeited and cancelled by the board granting the same forthwith, whether such person convicted shall appeal therefrom or not.

Sec. 2—That Section 14 of chapter 50, Compiled Statutes of the State of Nebraska, for the year 1907, as heretofore existing, is hereby repealed.

Is That So?

That Hoskins has the best live stock market in the country was again demonstrated Monday. The largest bunch of hogs, in number and weight, that has been sold to a local dealer here in years was brought in by Mrs. Woolschlager. There were 112 hogs in the bunch and the average weight was 321 pounds, for which she received a little over $2400. It was a splendid bunch and speaks well for the thrift of those who marketed them. —Headlight.

Preventing Epidemics

Proper and systematic medical inspection of schools will prevent the development of epidemics of scarlet fever and diphtheria. A child with a mild case of either of the diseases mentioned may attend school for several days and innocently spread the infection to scores of its schoolmates. In such cases the investigation which seeks to discover the cause of the outbreak has been started too late to be of much practical value. It is prevention that counts.

Hon. David Burke

Last Saturday, Hon. David Burke whose home could be easily claimed by Cuming county, Hermon or Wayne, came to town to attend to some business and "get out on the morning freight, because you know Murray, I don't know only two or three here any more." When seen at the depot at 6:40 P. M., he was all smiles and in summing up the day's doings he said. "I missed the freight and was glad of it. I had a fine time here, and I don't know how I got it into my head that I knew nobody up here. There was John Gannon and Nick Fritz and yourself —I expected to meet, but what surprised me most was to see so many of the old neighbors from down on the farm. I tell you it did me good and what a pleasure it was to meet E. T. Crellin. I have known him since he was a boy. Yes sir, I am glad I put in the day here—it did me good." Mr. Burke and Mr. Fritz served in the legislature together, and are fast friends. His home is with his daughter near Wayne, but he travels around a good deal visiting relatives. He was in Oklahoma this winter visiting his son Ed. and wife (Carrie Lenton) and reports them doing nicely. Ed. is assistant cashier of a bank down there.—Pender Times.

Rev. I. W. Williamson's Letter

Rev. I. W. Williamson, Huntington, W. Va., writes: "This is to certify that I used Foley's Kidney Remedy for nervous exhaustion and kidney trouble and am free to say that it will do all that you claim for it." Foley's Kidney Remedy has restored health and strength to thousands of weak, run down people. Contains no harmful drugs and is pleasant to take. Felber's Pharmacy.

Notice

Bethasar Court No. 14, Tribe of Ben Hur, holds its regular meetings on the first and third Thursday of each month, by order of Court.

Physician Must Label

A bottle of medicine or a package of pills put up by a druggist on his own prescription must be labeled if it contains an inhibited drug. This is the law, says Food Commissioner Mains, and he is going to enforce it as best he may.

Prevention of Contagion

We should be as willing at all times to do as much to protect our neighbor's children as we would demand that our neighbors do to protect ours.

The all important thing to do in preventing the spread of contagion in a community is to see to it that sick children are not allowed to mingle with children that are well. This means the exclusion of sick or ailing children from the schools and churches and that they must not be permitted to mingle with other children until the department of health says it is safe for them to do so.

NORMAL NOTES

Mrs. Pile and Helen spent Tuesday in Sioux City.

The class of young women in the manual training department are turning out some most creditable work.

The social Saturday evening under the supervision of a committee of the Philomathean Literary Society was a decided success.

Mr. John Cunningham, of Bloomfield, has been elected to the principalship of the Inman schools for next year. Miss Ruth Larson, of Dixon, will have charge of the intermediate department in the same school.

Miss Margaret Jamieson, of Norfolk, who will complete the Scientific course this year, has received notice of her election to the grammar department of the Albion schools for next year.

Miss Pearl Elley, of Madison, and Mrs. Mary Sweeney, of Lindsay, have both been elected to positions in the Humphrey schools. Miss Elley has been teaching in the Madison schools, and Mrs. Sweeney has been at Lindsay.

New students to enroll this week are Misses Minnie and Bertha Lampert, of Battle Creek, Miss Blanche Edenfield, of Pierce, Misses Kate and Mary Richardson, of Battle Creek, and Horace Cox, of Norfolk.

Mrs. Pile gave a most interesting talk last Saturday of her visit to Paris. She is under contract for a series of articles for a prominent educational magazine.

The model school department is receiving many applications from parents who wish to place their children here next year. Only a limited number will be received.

We had hoped the notice sent out relative to the entrance requirements of this school would be sufficient. It seems a misunderstanding still exists. The requirements are the same as they always have been, despite any report to the contrary.

Hoskins Headlight:

That the suckers are not all dead was again demonstrated last week. A farmer living in this vicinity was accosted by a stranger, while working in the field, who offered to tell his fortune. Desiring to know what the future held in store for him he was given a tin box, in exchange for some hard earned cash, which he was told not to open until he reached home and the contents would reveal his fortune. Upon opening the box he found it filled with fish hooks, which are always used to catch suckers.

Two oily tongued individuals, who had more gall than government mules, drifted into town last week and proceeded to work their graft. They were enlarging photographs, and as a part of their palaver stated that they had rented the hall and when the work was finished they would hold an exhibition. Incidentally the price of $2.65 was mentioned for each picture. If some of our citizens thought their pictures were merely for the exhibition they will probably find they will be called upon to pay the little sum of $2.65 for each picture. We have also learned that no arrangements were made for securing the hall which would indicate the more plainly that they were fakirs.

The County Commissioners paid our town a little visit last week in a big automobile from Wayne. They had been looking over the bridges in this part of the county and were accompanied by a representative of the Standard Bridge Company. The proposition of putting in a bridge over the creek on main street, north of the railroad track, in order to accommodate the people in the Schroeder addition, was submitted to them. They agreed to put in a good sixteen foot steel bridge if the town would do the filling and provide a road out that way to the section line. If this can be done it will close up the dangerous piece of road, running along the track from the depot to the main road. If the town board can secure the right of way the road into town will run along the north side of August Ruhlow's property, east to main street and then straight up town. This will make a much better road for the farmers living north of town and we hope to see the deal closed.

Pierce Call:

Mr. and Mrs. R. V. West and Miss Louise Carhart went to Wayne Tuesday where they will reside. Mr. and Mrs. West moved to Pierce from Osmond a year ago last December and embarked in the furniture business, disposing of same last summer. Mr. West is a good citizen and business man and we are sorry to see him leave Pierce, yet wish him success in his new location.

Mrs. J. E. Francis went to Wayne last Saturday, called there by the serious condition of her brother, County Superintendent, A. E. Littell, who has been sick for about eight weeks with typhoid fever. He was very low and unconscious up to Monday when he became conscious. Word was received yesterday saying that the patient was just about holding his own. The nurse had the fever down to 99 and if they could hold it there for twenty-four hours longer there was a chance for his recovery.

Wakefield Republican:

The Dixon county supervisors and the Wayne county commissioners were here last week and decided to build a 180-foot county-line bridge east of town.

There was a very large attendance at the drainage meeting Saturday, over 60 being present. Mr. Benson, of the Benson Grain Co., had no proposition to submit about selling the water power, so that will have to be settled in the future. He did not know that he would be asked to make such a proposition but said he would submit one later. The parties owning bottom land in Concord township were quite unanimously opposed to straightening the Logan, the vote being 10 to 2, but the rest of Dixon county and Wayne county were very favorable to the proposition, the vote being 17 to 5. The dam is the great obstacle that prevents the people uniting on some plan.

Probate Notice to Creditors

In the County Court of Wayne County, Nebraska.

In the matter of the Estate of J. M. Pile, deceased.

Notice Is Hereby Given, That the creditors of the said deceased will meet the Executor of said estate, before me, County Judge of Wayne County, Nebraska, at the County Court Room in said county, on the 1st day of June, 1909, and on the 1st day of October, 1909, at 2 o'clock P. M. each day, for the purpose of presenting their claims for examination, adjustment and allowance. Six months are allowed for creditors to present their claims and one year for the Executor to settle said estate, from the 1st day of May 1909. This notice will be published in the Wayne Herald for four weeks successively prior to the 1st day of June 1909.

Witness my hand and seal of said court, this 1st day of May A. D. 1909.

(SEAL) E. HUNTER,
May 6th 4 wks County Judge.

GIVING OUT

The Struggle Discourages Many a Citizen of Wayne

Around all day with an aching back;
Can't rest at night;
Enough to make any one "give out."

Doan's Kidney Pills will give renewed life.
They will cure the backache;
Cure every kidney ill.
Here is Wayne proof that this is so:

Frank Thielman, of Wayne, Neb., says: "I had a great deal of trouble from backache last spring. It would come and go by spells and often made it hard for me to do my work. The kidney secretions also passed irregularly, causing me much annoyance. When I had the good fortune to hear of Doan's Kidney Pills, I procured a box and they brought me relief in a short time. Backache has never bothered me since."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

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Wayne Marble and Granite Works

A large stock constantly on hand to select from
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Novelty Repair Shop

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Answers all calls promptly day or night
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Office in old Wayne Nat'l. Bank Building. Vibratory Treatment given after 7 p. m.
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Dentist
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